

Domov>Sprožitev sodnega postopka>Kje in kako>**Stroški**

Stroški

Češka

Na tej strani so na voljo informacije o stroških sodnih postopkov na Češkem.

[Družinsko pravo – razveza zakonske zveze](#)

[Družinsko pravo – varstvo in vzgoja otroka ter preživnina](#)

[Gospodarsko pravo – pogodbe](#)

[Gospodarsko pravo – odgovornost](#)

Predpisi, ki urejajo plačila za storitve zaposlenih v pravniških poklicih

Odvetniki

Na Češkem je le ena vrsta odvetnikov (advokáti). Ne obstajajo ločeni pravni poklici, kot sta „barrister“ in „solicitor“ v Združenem kraljestvu.

[Uredba ministrstva za pravosodje št. 177/1996 z dne 4. junija 1996](#) določa takse in nagrade odvetnikom za zagotavljanje pravnih storitev (odvetniška tarifa).

Angleški prevod je na voljo na spletišču češke odvetniške zbornice.

O višini nagrade odvetniku se lahko stranka in odvetnik med seboj dogovorita.

Pravno zastopanje v večini civilnih zadev ni obvezno (vključno z družinskimi in gospodarskimi zadevami).

Fiksni stroški

Fiksni stroški v civilnih sodnih postopkih

Fiksni stroški strank v civilnih sodnih postopkih

Zakon št. 549/1991 o sodnih taksah (angleški prevod ni na voljo) ureja takse, ki se plačajo v civilnih sodnih postopkih. Takse se razlikujejo glede na vrsto postopka. V nekaterih primerih se plačajo fiksne takse, v drugih pa se znesek takse določi v odstotkih.

V vseh primerih je treba stroške plačati v češki valuti (CZK) in se lahko nakažejo na državni bančni račun (ali račun sodišča). Takse do 5 000 CZK se lahko plačajo s posebnimi državnimi koleki (státní kolek), ki se kupijo na poštah in nekaterih drugih mestih.

Sodišče mora osebi, ki vloži tožbo, sporočiti natančen znesek sodne takse.

Faza civilnega sodnega postopka, ko zapade plačilo fiksnih stroškov

Sodna taksa zapade, ko za plačnika nastane obveznost, da jo mora plačati (npr. ob vložitvi tožbe). Če plačnik ne plača zapadle takse, sodišče odredi, da jo je treba plačati, in za to določi rok. Če plačnik takse ne plača niti v tako odločenem roku, sodišče postopek ustavi.

Fiksni stroški v kazenskih postopkih

Fiksni stroški strank v kazenskih postopkih

Kazenski postopek se vedno začne po uradni dolžnosti (na podlagi uradne dolžnosti tožilca), obdolženec pa plača le stroške pravnega zastopanja (če mu ni odobrena brezplačna obramba ali obramba po znižani ceni). Če pa je obdolženi pravnomočno obsojen, mora državi povrniti stroške kazenskega postopka v znesku, ki ga določa zakon.

Faza kazenskega postopka, ko zapade plačilo fiksnih stroškov

V kazenskih postopkih se sodne takse ne plačujejo.

Fiksni stroški v postopkih pred ustavnim sodiščem

Fiksni stroški strank v postopkih pred ustavnim sodiščem

Za vložitev pobude pri **ustavnem sodišču** Češke republike (Ústavní soud České republiky) **ni določena fiksna sodna taksa**, vendar je obvezno zastopanje po odvetniku.

Faza postopka pred ustavnim sodiščem, ko zapade plačilo fiksnih stroškov

Fiksne sodne takse se ne zaračunavajo.

Predhodne informacije, ki jih morajo zagotoviti pravni zastopniki

Pravice in obveznosti strank

Pravni zastopniki strank niso zavezani zagotoviti nobenih predhodnih informacij.

Pravice in obveznosti strank se lahko uredijo z dogovorom med odvetnikom in njegovo stranko.

Pravna podlaga stroškov

Kje najti informacije o pravni podlagi stroškov postopka, ki se zaračunavajo na Češkem?

Priporoča se, da se v vsakem posameznem primeru posvetujete z odvetnikom. Ob začetku postopka mora sodišče strankam razkriti znesek zapadlih sodnih taks.

V katerem jeziku lahko prejmem informacije o pravni podlagi stroškov postopka, ki se zaračunavajo na Češkem?

Edini uradni jezik na Češkem je češčina. Zato ni nobene pravne dolžnosti zagotavljanja informacij v drugih jezikih. Kakovost informacij je torej odvisna od pripravljenosti in znanja osebe, ki jih zagotavlja.

Kje najti informacije o mediaciji?

Informacije o mediaciji so na voljo na spletišču [zbornice mediatorjev Češke republike](#) (Asociace mediátorů České republiky, AMČR).

Informacije o registriranih mediatorjih so na voljo na spletišču [ministrstva za pravosodje](#) ali neposredno na [seznamu mediatorjev](#) (Seznam mediátorů).

Kje najti dodatne informacije o stroških?

Spletišče z informacijami o stroških

Uradno spletišče, ki bi zagotavljalo informacije o stroških, ne obstaja.

Kje najti informacije o povprečnem trajanju različnih postopkov?

Na spletišču [ministrstva za pravosodje](#) so na voljo statistični podatki o dejavnostih sodišč in tožilstev.

Kje najti informacije o povprečnih skupnih stroških posameznih postopkov?

Stroški so odvisni od okoliščin posamezne zadeve. Informacije o povprečnih skupnih stroških sodnih postopkov niso na voljo.

DDV

Na kakšen način se zagotavljajo informacije?

Na sodne takse se ne obračunava DDV, zato je njihov znesek tudi končen. Odvetniške tarife so navedene brez DDV. Nekatere odvetniške pisarne so zavezanci za DDV in ga zaračunavajo (po stopnji 21 %). DDV in način njegovega obračunavanja ureja zakon št. 235/2004 o davku na dodano vrednost.

Po katerih stopnjah se obračunava DDV?

Standardna stopnja je 21 %, znižana pa 15 %.

Pravna pomoč

Dohodkovni prag v civilnih postopkih

Ne uporabljajo se posebni dohodkovni pragi. Pri merilih za zagotavljanje brezplačne pravne pomoči se ne upoštevajo le prihodki osebe, ampak tudi celoten finančni položaj njenega gospodinjstva. Sodišče stranki imenuje odvetnika, kadar je to potrebno zaradi varstva interesov stranke (zlasti v vsebinsko ali procesno zapletenih postopkih) ali kadar je obvezno zastopanje po odvetniku in iz okoliščin izhaja, da je to potrebno. V takem primeru sodišče stranko oprosti plačila odvetnika in sodne takse.

Češka odvetniška zbornica (Česká advokátní komora) in specializirane nevladne organizacije (odvisno od vsebine postopka) prav tako zagotavljajo brezplačno pravno pomoč.

Dohodkovni pragi, ki se uporabljajo glede obdolžencev v kazenskem postopku

Ne uporabljajo se posebni dohodkovni pragi. Sodišče imenuje obdolženčevega zagovornika v vseh primerih, kadar je zastopanje obvezno in obdolženi nima odvetnika.

Če obdolženi izjavi, da ne more plačati stroškov obrambe, sodišče odloči, da je upravičen do brezplačne obrambe ali do obrambe po znižani ceni.

Dohodkovni pragi, ki se uporabljajo glede žrtev (oškodovancev) v kazenskem postopku

Oškodovanci, mlajši od 18 let, imajo pravico, da jih v kazenskem postopku brezplačno zastopa odvetnik, razen če se postopek nanaša na kaznivo dejanje zanemarjanja dolžnosti vzdrževanja in podpore (zanedbání povinné výživy).

Oškodovanci, ki spadajo v eno od naslednjih kategorij, so prav tako upravičeni do brezplačnega pravnega zastopanja odvetnika:

posebno ranljive žrtve na podlagi zakona št. 45/2013 o žrtvah kaznivih dejanj in o spremembi nekaterih zakonov (zakon o žrtvah kaznivih dejanj);

osebe, ki so zaradi naklepne kaznivega dejanja utrpeli hudo telesno poškodbo;

preživeli po žrtvi, ki je zaradi kaznivega dejanja umrla;

osebe, ki dokažejo, da si ne morejo privoščiti stroškov pravnega zastopanja. Take osebe si lahko odvetnika prosto izberejo; če si ga ne, ga zanje imenuje

zadevni organ za preprečevanje, odkrivanje in preiskovanje kaznivih dejanj.

Če je oškodovanec tudi posebno ranljiva žrtev, je dodatno upravičen tudi do omejene **pravne pomoči na podlagi zakona o žrtvah kaznivih dejanj**. To vrsto pravne pomoči zagotavljajo odvetniki, ki se prostovoljno prijavijo, da bodo zagotavljali določen obseg brezplačne pravne pomoči takim žrtvam in so vpisani v posebno evidenco pri ministrstvu za pravosodje.

Drugi pogoji, povezani z dodelitvijo pravne pomoči žrtvam

Nevladne in nepridobitne organizacije, ki izpolnjujejo pogoje in so akreditirane pri ministrstvu za pravosodje, ter služba za probacijo in mediacijo (Probační a mediační služba) lahko zagotavljajo **pravne informacije** žrtvam kaznivih dejanj (zlasti informacije o njihovih pravicah na podlagi zakona o žrtvah kaznivih dejanj ter pravicah oškodovancev v kazenskih postopkih). Vendar pa take pravne informacije ne pomenijo neposredne pravne pomoči.

Drugi pogoji, povezani z dodelitvijo pravne pomoči obdolžencem

Glede dohodkovnih pragov in pravne pomoči obdolžencem v kazenskem postopku se uporabljajo iste informacije, kot so navedene zgoraj.

Sodni postopki, pri katerih se taksa ne plača

Za pobude, vložene pri **ustavnem sodišču**, se ne plača sodna taksa. Podobno se sodne takse ne plačajo v nekaterih vrstah postopkov (opredeljeni v členu 11 zakona št. 459/1991 o sodnih taksah), na primer kadar je tožnik mladoletnik in v nekaterih drugih primerih (npr. kadar je ena od strank v postopku država ali njen organ, kadar se zadeva nanaša na prošnjo za azil, ki jo vložijo tuji državljani, in kadar je stranka v postopku „oseba v šibkejšem položaju“).

Kdaj mora stranka, ki v postopku ni uspela, plačati stroške stranke, ki je uspela?

To je v vsakem posameznem primeru odvisno od odločitve sodnika (kot je opisano v pravnomočni odločbi sodnika); sodišče lahko stranki, ki v postopku ni uspela, naloži plačilo celotnih stroškov ali samo njihovega dela. To pa se ne uporablja v postopku razveze zakonske zveze. Odločba o stroških lahko pogosto vključuje tudi stroške pravnega zastopanja.

Nagrade izvedencem in stroški izvedencev

Sodišče izplača nagrado izvedencem, ki jih imenuje. Stranki v sporu morata plačati nagrado izvedencu le, kadar sami zahtevata njegove storitve. V nekaterih posebnih primerih lahko sodišče stranki, ki v postopku ni uspela, odredi plačilo nagrade izvedencu.

Nagrade prevajalcem in tolmačem

Sodišče mora plačati nagrado prevajalcem in tolmačem; če je stranka tuji državljan, ki ne razume češko, lahko na sodišču uporablja svoj jezik.

Sorodne povezave

[Poročilo češke republike o študiji preglednosti stroškov](#)  (703 Kb) 

Zadnja posodobitev: 28/02/2022

Strani v jezikih držav članic pripravljajo posamezni nacionalni organi, njihov prevod pa zagotavlja prevajalska služba Evropske komisije. Prevodi zato morda še ne vsebujejo kasnejših sprememb izvirnika, ki so jih vnesli nacionalni organi. Evropska komisija ne prevzema nobene odgovornosti za informacije ali podatke, ki jih vsebuje oziroma na katere se sklicuje ta dokument. Za pravila o avtorskih pravicah države članice, ki je odgovorna za to stran, glejte pravno obvestilo.

Case study 1 - family law - divorce - Czech Republic

In this case study on family law – divorce, the Member States were asked to advise the party that files for divorce on litigation costs in the following situations: Case A – National situation: a couple gets married. Later they separate and agree to a divorce.

Case B – Transnational situation: two nationals from the same Member State (Member State A) get married. The marriage is celebrated in Member State A. After the wedding, the couple moves to live and work in another Member State (Member State B) where they establish their residence. Shortly thereafter the couple separates with the wife returning to Member State A and the husband remaining in Member State B. The couple agrees to a divorce. Upon her return to Member State A, the wife immediately files for a divorce before the courts of Member State B.

Costs in the Czech Republic

Indicative costs for court, appeals and alternative dispute resolution (ADR)

Case study	First-instance court proceedings		Appellate proceedings		Alternative dispute resolution	
	Transcription fees	Other fees	Transcription fees	Other fees		Costs

	Initial court fees			Initial court fees			Is this option open for this type of case?	
Case A	CZK 2 000	Not applicable (N/A)	N/A	CZK 2 000	N/A	N/A	Yes (optional)	Contractual (CZK 400 for each, even incomplete, hour in the case of a court-mandated introductory meeting with a mediator)
Case B	CZK 2 000	N/A	N/A	CZK 2 000	N/A	N/A	Yes (optional)	Contractual (CZK 400 for each, even incomplete, hour in the case of a court-mandated introductory meeting with a mediator)

Indicative costs for a lawyer, licenced enforcement agent and expert

Case study	Legal representation		Licenced enforcement agent			Expert	
	Is representation compulsory?	Average cost	Is use compulsory?	Pre-judgment costs	Post-judgment costs	Is use of an expert compulsory?	Costs
Case A	No.	Contractual, CZK 1 500 per task according to the lawyer's tariff	No	-	-	No.	CZK 100 to CZK 350 per hour
Case B	No.	Contractual	No (depends on the other country involved in the case)	-	-	No.	CZK 100 to CZK 350 per hour

Costs for witness compensation, deposits, securities and other relevant fees

Case study	Witness compensation		Deposit or security		Other costs	
	Are witnesses compensated?	Costs	Does this exist and when and how is it used?	Costs	Description	Costs
Case A	Yes. Actual costs are paid.	Differ according to the circumstances of the case	No.	-	-	-
Case B	Yes. Actual costs are paid.	Differ according to the circumstances of the case	No.	-	-	-

Costs for legal aid and the reimbursement of expenses

Case study	Legal aid			Reimbursement			
	When and under what conditions is it applicable?	When is full legal aid given?	Conditions?	Can the winning party obtain reimbursement of litigation costs?	If reimbursement is not comprehensive, what is the usual percentage of the costs covered?	What costs are never reimbursed?	Are there instances when legal aid should be reimbursed to the legal aid organisation?
Case A	Only NGOs	-	-	Usually not. However, the court may grant the reimbursement of costs if justified by the circumstances.	-	Depends on the court's decision, usually none.	No.
Case B	See the Directive concerning application of legal aid in cross-border disputes	-	-	Usually not. However, the court may grant the reimbursement of costs if justified by the circumstances.	-	Depends on the court's decision, usually none.	No.

Translation and interpreting costs

Case	Translation	Interpreting	Other costs specific to cross-border disputes?
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study						
	When and under what conditions is it necessary?	Approximate costs?	When and under what conditions is it necessary?	Approximate costs?	Description	Approximate costs?
Case A	Original documents in a foreign language necessary for the proceedings	CZK 100 to CZK 350 per page		-	-	-
Case B	Original documents in a foreign language necessary for the proceedings	CZK 100 to CZK 350 per page	In cases where a party or a witness is a foreign national or does not understand Czech	CZK 100 to CZK 350 per hour	-	-

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Case study 2 - family law - custody of the children - Czech Republic

In this case study on family law – custody of the children, Member States were asked to advise the suing party on litigation costs in the following situations: Case A – National situation: two persons have lived together unmarried for a number of years. They have a three-year-old child when they separate. A court decision grants custody of the child to the mother and a right of access to the father. The mother sues to limit the father's right of access.

Case B – Transnational situation where you are a lawyer in Member State A: Two persons have lived together unmarried in a Member State (Member State B) for a number of years. They have a child together but separate immediately after the child's birth. A court decision in Member State B gives the child's custody to the mother with a right of access to the father. The mother and the child move to live in another Member State (Member State A) as authorised to do so by the Court decision and the father remains in Member State B. A few years later, the mother sues in Member State A to change the father's right of access.

Costs in the Czech Republic

Indicative costs for court, appeals and alternative dispute resolution

Case study	First-instance court proceedings			Appellate proceedings			Alternative dispute resolution	
	Initial court fees	Transcription fees	Other fees	Initial court fees	Transcription fees	Other fees	Can this be used in this specific case?	Costs
Case A	CZK 0	Not applicable (N/A)	N/A	CZK 0	N/A	N/A	Yes	Contractual (CZK 400 for each, even incomplete, hour in the case of a court-mandated introductory meeting with a mediator)
Case B	CZK 0	Not applicable (N/A)	N/A	CZK 0	N/A	N/A	Yes	Contractual (CZK 400 for each, even incomplete, hour in the case of a court-mandated introductory meeting with a mediator)

Indicative costs for a lawyer, licenced enforcement agent and expert

Case study	Legal representation		Licenced enforcement agent			Expert	
	Is representation compulsory?	Average cost	Is use compulsory?	Pre-judgment costs	Post-judgment costs	Is use of an expert compulsory?	Costs
Case A	No	Contractual, CZK 1 000 per task according to the lawyer's tariff	No	-	-	No	CZK 100 to CZK 350 per hour
	No	Contractual, CZK 1 000 per task	No (depends on the other country)	-	-	No	CZK 100 to CZK 350 per hour

Case B		according to the lawyer's tariff					
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Costs for witness compensation, deposits, securities and other relevant fees

Case study	Witness compensation		Deposit or security		Other costs	
	Are witnesses compensated?	Costs	Does this exist and when and how is it used?	Costs	Description	Costs
Case A	Yes, depending on their actual costs	Differ according to the circumstances of the case	Not in this type of proceedings	-	-	-
Case B	Yes, depending on their actual costs	Differ according to the circumstances of the case	Not in this type of proceedings	-	-	-

Costs for legal aid and the reimbursement of expenses

Case study	Legal aid			Reimbursement			
	When and under what conditions is it applicable?	When is full legal aid given?	Conditions?	Can the winning party obtain reimbursement of litigation costs?	If reimbursement is not comprehensive, what is the usual percentage of the costs covered?	What costs are never reimbursed?	Are there instances when legal aid should be reimbursed to the legal aid organisation?
Case A	Only NGOs	-	-	Usually not. However, the court may grant the reimbursement of costs if justified by the circumstances.	-	Depends on the court's decision, usually none	No
Case B	See the Directive concerning application of legal aid in cross-border disputes	-	-	Usually not. However, the court may grant the reimbursement of costs if justified by the circumstances.	-	Depends on the court's decision, usually none	No

Translation and interpreting costs

Case study	Translation		Interpreting		Other costs specific to cross-border disputes?	
	When and under what conditions is it necessary?	Approximate costs?	When and under what conditions is it necessary?	Approximate costs?	Description	Approximate costs?
Case A	Original documents in a foreign language necessary for the proceedings	CZK 100 to CZK 350 per page	-	-	-	-
Case B	Original documents in a foreign language necessary for the proceedings	CZK 100 to CZK 350 per page	In cases where a party or a witness is a foreign national or does not understand Czech	CZK 100 to CZK 350 per hour	-	-

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Case Study 4 – Commercial law – Contracts – Czech Republic

In this case study on commercial law – contracts - Member States were asked to advise the seller on litigation costs in the following situations:

Case A – National situation: A company delivered goods worth EUR 20 000. The seller has not been paid because the buyer considers that the goods do not conform to what was agreed.

The seller decides to sue to obtain the full payment of the price.

Case B – Transnational situation: A company whose head office is located in Member State B delivers goods worth 20 000 euro to buyer in Member State A. The contract is subject to Member State B's law and written in Member State B's language. This seller has not been paid because the buyer located in Member State A considers that the goods do not conform to what was agreed. The seller decides to sue in Member State A to obtain full payment of the price as provided for under the contract with the buyer.

Costs in the Czech Republic

Indicative costs for court, appeals and alternative dispute resolution

Case study	First-instance court proceedings			Appellate proceedings			Alternative dispute resolution	
	Initial court fees	Transcription fees	Other fees	Initial court fees	Transcription fees	Other fees	Can this be used in this specific case?	Costs
Case A	5% of the amount (with subject of the proceedings under CZK 40 million)	Not applicable (N/A)	No.	5% of the amount	Not applicable (N/A)	No.	Yes (e.g., arbitration proceedings or mediation)	Contractual
Case B	5% of the amount (with subject of the proceedings under CZK 40 million)	Not applicable (N/A)	No.	5% of the amount	Not applicable (N/A)	No.	Yes (e.g., arbitration proceedings or mediation)	Contractual

Indicative costs for a lawyer, licenced enforcement agent and expert

Case study	Legal representation		Licenced enforcement agent			Expert	
	Is representation compulsory?	Average cost	Is use compulsory?	Pre-judgment costs	Post-judgment costs	Is use of an expert compulsory?	Costs
Case A	No.	Contractual	No.	-	-	No.	CZK 100 to CZK 350 per hour
Case B	No.	Contractual	No.	-	-	No.	CZK 100 to CZK 350 per hour

Costs for witness compensation, deposits, securities and other relevant fees

Case study	Witness compensation		Deposit or security		Other costs	
	Are witnesses compensated?	Costs	Does this exist and when and how is it used?	Costs	Description	Costs
Case A	Yes. Actual costs are paid.	Differ according to the circumstances of the case	In commercial cases, if preliminary injunction is requested.	CZK 50 000.	-	-
Case B	Yes. Actual costs are paid.	Differ according to the circumstances of the case	In commercial cases. if preliminary injunction is requested.	CZK 50 000.	-	-

Costs for legal aid and the reimbursement of expenses

Case study	Legal aid			Reimbursement		
					If reimbursement is not comprehensive, what	Are there instances when legal aid should be

	When and under what conditions is it applicable?	When is full legal aid given?	Conditions?	Can the winning party obtain reimbursement of litigation costs?	Is the usual percentage of the costs covered?	What costs are never reimbursed?	reimbursed to the legal aid organisation?
Case A	Very rarely in commercial cases.	-	-	Yes.	Depends on the circumstances of the case.	Compensation of all costs may be ordered.	No.
Case B	See the Directive concerning application of legal aid in cross-border disputes	-	-	Yes.	Depends on the circumstances of the case.	Compensation of all costs may be ordered.	No.

Translation and interpreting costs

Case study	Translation		Interpreting	
	When and under what conditions is it necessary?	Approximate costs?	When and under what conditions is it necessary?	Approximate costs?
Case A	Original documents in a foreign language necessary for the proceedings	CZK 100 to CZK 350 per page	-	-
Case B	Original documents in a foreign language necessary for the proceedings	CZK 100 to CZK 350 per page	In cases where a party or a witness is a foreign national or does not understand Czech	CZK 100 to CZK 350 per hour

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Case Study number 5 – Commercial law – Liability – Czech Republic

In this case study on commercial law – liability, Member States were asked to advise the customer on litigation costs in the following situations:

Case A – National situation: A manufacturer of heating equipment delivers a boiler to an installer. The installer sells the boiler to a customer and installs it in the customer's house. The house catches fire shortly thereafter. Every participant (heating equipment manufacturer, installer, end-customer) is insured. The origin of the fire is contested. Nobody wants to compensate the customer.

The customer decides to sue for full compensation the heating equipment manufacturer, the heating equipment installer and the insurance companies.

Case B – Transnational situation: A heating equipment manufacturer in Member State B delivers a boiler to an installer in Member State C. The installer sells the boiler on to a customer in Member State A and installs it in his/her house. The house catches fire shortly thereafter. Each one of the parties involved (manufacturer of heating equipment, installer, end-customer) is insured by an insurance company in that party's own Member State. The origin of the fire is contested. Nobody wants to compensate the customer.

The customer decides to sue the heating equipment manufacturer, the heating equipment installer and the insurance company in Member State A for full compensation in Member State A.

Costs in the Czech Republic

Indicative costs for court, appeals and alternative dispute resolution

Case study	First-instance court proceedings			Appellate proceedings			Alternative dispute resolution	
	Initial court fees	Transcription fees	Other fees	Initial court fees	Transcription fees	Other fees	Can this be used in this specific case?	Costs
Case A	5% of the amount (insurance claimed)	Not applicable (N/A)	No.	5% of the amount	Not applicable (N/A)	No.	Yes (optional)	Contractual (usually CZK 1 000 per hour; 3 hours)
Case B	5% of the amount (insurance claimed)	Not applicable (N/A)	No.	5% of the amount	Not applicable (N/A)	No.	Yes (optional)	Contractual

Indicative costs for a lawyer, licenced enforcement agent and expert

Case study	Legal representation		Licenced enforcement agent			Expert	
	Is representation compulsory?	Average cost	Is use compulsory?	Pre-judgment costs	Post-judgment costs	Is use of an expert compulsory?	Costs
Case A	No.	Contractual	No.	-	-	No.	CZK 100 to CZK 350 per hour

Case B	No.	Contractual	No.	-	-	No.	CZK 100 to CZK 350 per hour
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Costs for witness compensation, deposits, securities and other relevant fees

Case study	Witness compensation		Deposit or security		Other costs	
	Are witnesses compensated?	Costs	Does this exist and when and how is it used?	Costs	Description	Costs
Case A	Yes. Actual costs are paid.	Differ according to the circumstances of the case	If a preliminary injunction is requested.	CZK 10 000.	Cost of evidence	Differ according to the circumstances of the case
Case B	Yes. Actual costs are paid.	Differ according to the circumstances of the case	If a preliminary injunction is requested	CZK 10 000.	Cost of evidence	Differ according to the circumstances of the case

Costs for legal aid and the reimbursement of expenses

Case study	Legal aid			Reimbursement			
	When and under what conditions is it applicable?	When is full legal aid given?	Conditions?	Can the winning party obtain reimbursement of litigation costs?	If reimbursement is not comprehensive, what is the usual percentage of the costs covered?	What costs are never reimbursed?	Are there instances when legal aid should be reimbursed to the legal aid organisation?
Case A	Consumer protection centres, other NGOs	If necessary to protect the interests of a party, the court will appoint a lawyer.	The party's application, their assets and the complexity of the dispute.	Yes.	Depends on the circumstances of the case.	Compensation of all costs may be ordered.	No.
Case B	See the Directive concerning legal aid in cross-border disputes or the European Consumer Centre.	If necessary to protect the interests of a party, the court will appoint a lawyer.	The party's application, their assets and the complexity of the dispute.	Yes.	Depends on the circumstances of the case.	Compensation of all costs may be ordered.	No.

Translation and interpreting costs

Case study	Translation		Interpreting	
	When and under what conditions is it necessary?	Approximate costs?	When and under what conditions is it necessary?	Approximate costs?
Case A	Original documents in a foreign language necessary for the proceedings	CZK 100 to CZK 350 per page	-	-
Case B	Original documents in a foreign language necessary for the proceedings	CZK 100 to CZK 350 per page	In cases where a party or a witness is a foreign national or does not understand Czech	CZK 100 to CZK 350 per hour

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