



SK

Domovská stránka>Podanie na súd>Kde a ako>**Trovy konania**

Trovy konania

Rumunsko

Informácie o súdnych trovách v Rumunsku nájdete na tejto stránke

Rodinné právo - rozvod

Rodinné právo – opatrovníctvo dieťaťa

Rodinné právo - výživné

Obchodné právo - zmluvy

Obchodné právo – zodpovednosť

Právny rámec upravujúci poplatky v právnických profesiách

Právni zástupcovia

Všeobecné ustanovenia

Poplatky právnym zástupcom sa líšia a sú stanovené podľa stupňa zložitosti prípadu, jeho rozsahu a trvania. Výška poplatkov sa môže voľne stanoviť medzi právnym zástupcom a jeho klientom, a to v rámci zákona a štatútu profesie.

Výška poplatkov môže byť založená na:

hodinovej sadzbe splatnej v závislosti od počtu odpracovaných hodín;

pevnej sume;

sume, ktorá závisí od úspešného výsledku: okrem pevnej sumy môže právny zástupca žiadať aj zaplatenie dodatočnej, pevnej alebo variabilnej sumy, ktorá je splatná po úspešnom ukončení konania (je však prísne zakázané, aby bola odmena právnym zástupcom založená výlučne na výsledku súdneho konania); hodinových aj pevných poplatkoch bez ohľadu na výsledok.

Je takmer nemožné uviesť odhad poplatkov, pretože tieto informácie je možné získať až po predložení prípadu právnemu zástupcovi, ktorý následne stanoví výšku poplatkov po zohľadnení všetkých potrebných aspektov súvisiacich s prípadom a najmä množstvo práce, hodnotu sporu ako aj charakter strany sporu.

Exekútori (Súdni exekútori)

Všeobecné ustanovenia

Výška poplatkov súdnych exekútorov závisí od povahy činnosti presadzovania práva na základe súdneho rozsudku alebo exekučného titulu v súlade s právnymi predpismi. Zoznam poplatkov stanovilo **ministerstvo spravodlivosti** v spolupráci s **Národnou úniou súdnych exekútorov Rumunska**. Tieto poplatky uhrádza strana, ktorá požiadala súdneho exekútora o exekúciu určitého konania. Vo všeobecnosti sa súdni exekútori platia za každú vykonávanú exekúciu zvlášť.

Maximálna výška poplatkov za exekúciu sporov týkajúcich sa peňažných súm je stanovená na nasledujúcom základe:

V prípade sporov s hodnotou menej ako	Maximálna výška vyberaného poplatku je 10% zo sumy sporu (napríklad, ak je hodnota sporu	
50 000 RON	40 000 RON, vybraný poplatok nemôže byť vyšší ako 400 RON (40 EUR).	
V prípade sporov s hodnotou od 50 000 RON do	Maximálna výška poplatku sa rovná sume 5 000 RON plus 3 % zo sumy, o ktorú daná suma presahuje	
80 000 RON	50 000 RON.	
V prípade sporov s hodnotou od 80 000 RON do	Maximálna výška poplatku sa rovná sume 5 900 RON plus 2% zo sumy, o ktorú daná suma presahuje	
100 000 RON	80 000 RON.	
V prípade sporov s hodnotou viac ako	Maximálna výška poplatku sa rovná sume 6 300 RON plus 1% zo sumy, o ktorú daná suma presahuje	
100 000 RON	100 000 RON.	

Podrobné informácie o fixnom rozsahu poplatkov podľa typu vykonávanej exekúcie

Poplatky vyberané pred vynesením rozsudku (pred ukončením sporu)

Notifikácia a predloženie procesných dokumentov	Od 20 RON (5 EUR) do 400 RON (100 EUR).	
Zistenie skutkovej situácie a inventúra tovaru (článok 239	Od 100 RON (25 EUR) do 2 200 RON (550 EUR) pre dlžníka, ktorým je fyzická osoba,	
občianskeho súdneho poriadku)	alebo 5 200 RON (1 300 EUR) pre dlžníka, ktorým je právnická osoba.	
Protokol o vecnej ponuke	Od 50 RON (12,5 EUR) do 350 RON (87,5 EUR).	
Konfiškácia	10% z hodnoty vo všetkých prípadoch.	
Poistenie proti zhabaniu	Od 100 RON (25 EUR) do 1 200 RON (300 EUR) pre dlžníka, ktorým je fyzická osoba,	
	alebo 2 200 RON (550 EUR) pre dlžníka, ktorým je právnická osoba.	
Právna konzultácia v súvislosti s vypracovaním exekučných	Od 20 RON (5 EUR) do 200 RON (50 EUR).	
dokumentov		

Poplatky vyberané počas súdnych konaní

Súdne predvolanie	60 RON (15 EUR) je minimálny poplatok za pohľadávku	V prípade sumy do výšky 50 000 RON (12 500 EUR) môže byť
	do výšky 1 000 RON (250 EUR).	poplatok do výšky 10% hodnoty sporu;
	60 RON plus 2% zo sumy, o ktorú daná suma	V prípade sumy od 50 001 RON do 80 000 RON (20 000 EUR) je
	presahuje 1 000 RON za pohľadávku vo výške viac ako	tento poplatok 3% z hodnoty sporu;
	1 000 RON	V prípade sumy od 80 001 RON do 100 000 RON (25 000 EUR) je
		tento poplatok 2% z hodnoty sporu; a
		V prípade sumy nad 100 000 RON je tento poplatok 1% z hodnoty
		sporu.
	Minimálny poplatok vo výške 150 RON (37,5 EUR)	Maximálne 400 RON (100 EUR).
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Spory týkajúce sa neplatenia zmeniek, dlžobných úpisov		
alebo šekov		
Súdna konfiškácia	Minimálny poplatok vo výške 100 RON (25 EUR)	Maximálne 1 200 RON (300 EUR) pre dlžníka, ktorým je fyzická
		osoba, alebo 2 200 RON (550 EUR) pre dlžníka, ktorým je
		právnická osoba.

Poplatky vyberané po skončení súdneho konania (potom, ako súd vydal rozsudok)

Umiestnenie dieťaťa (maloletého) alebo určenie miesta pobytu	Od 50 RON (približne 12,5 EUR) do 1 000 RON (250 EUR).	
dieťaťa (maloletého)		
Kontakt s dieťaťom/návšteva dieťaťa (maloletého)	Od 50 RON (približne 12,5 EUR) do 500 RON (125 EUR).	

V prípade vyberania dlhov

v pripade vyberania dinov		
Vyberanie dlhov prostredníctvom	Minimálne poplatky	Maximálne poplatky
vymáhania pohľadávky na hnuteľnom	60 RON (15 EUR) za pohľadávku do výšky 1 000 RON	do 10 % za sumy do výšky 50 000 RON (12 500 EUR);
majetku	(250 EUR);	3 % za sumy od 50 001 RON do 80 000 RON
	60 RON plus 2 % zo sumy, o ktorú daná suma presahuje	(20 000 EUR);
	1 000 RON za pohľadávku vo výške viac ako 1 000 RON.	2 % za sumy od 80 001 RON do 100 000 RON (25
		000 EUR); a
		1 % za sumy vyššie ako 100 000 RON.
Vyberanie dlhov prostredníctvom	Minimálne poplatky	Maximálne poplatky
vymáhania pohľadávky na nehnuteľnom	150 RON (37,5 EUR) za pohľadávku do výšky 1 000 RON	do 10% za sumy nepresahujúce 50 000 RON (12
majetku	(250 EUR).	500 EUR);
	150 RON (37,5 EUR) plus 2% zo sumy, o ktorú daná	3% za sumy od 50 001 RON do 80 000 RON
	suma presahuje 1 000 RON za pohľadávku vo výške viac	(20 000 EUR);
	ako 1 000 RON	2% za sumy od 80 001 RON do 100 000 RON (25
		000 EUR); a
		1% za sumy vyššie ako 100 000 RON.

Súdni znalci

Odmeny súdnych znalcov sa líšia. Ich výška závisí od charakteru znaleckého posudku. Poplatok za súdnoznalecký posudok stanovuje orgán, ktorý tento posudok nariadil, pričom sa berie do úvahy zložitosť posudku, množstvo vykonanej práce, platová trieda a vedecká úroveň súdneho znalca. Súdnoznalecký posudok sa vykonáva na podnet súdov, orgánov činných v trestnom konaní alebo orgánov vykonávajúcich úlohy súvisiace so zisťovaním skutkovej podstaty alebo okolností prípadu, tým, že menujú súdnych znalcov poverených ministerstvom spravodlivosti.

Zainteresovaná strana má právo žiadať, aby znalecký posudok vykonal vymenovaný súdny znalec spolu so súdnym znalcom alebo odborníkom ako poradcom uvedenej strany, ktorého nominuje a jeho odmenu hradí uvedená strana. Vymenovanie súdneho znalca musí schváliť súdny orgán, ktorý nariadil vykonanie znaleckého posudku. Odmenu nominovaného súdneho znalca stanovia strana a znalec spoločnou dohodou na základe zmluvných vzťahov. Odmenu hradí strana, ktorá znalca nominovala.

Fixné náklady

Fixné náklady strán v občianskoprávnych sporoch

Fixné náklady na predloženie žaloby na súd: súdne poplatky a poplatok za kolky

Žaloby predložené súdu, ktoré podliehajú súdnym poplatkom, musia obsahovať súdny kolok.

Súdne poplatky

Súdne poplatky sa môžu pohybovať od 0,5 EUR do viac ako 1 500 EUR.

V prípade **finančne kvantifikovateľných sporov** (napr. uplatniteľných v prípadoch určenia výživného, v obchodných prípadoch) sa súdne poplatky líšia v závislosti od hodnoty sporu:

avisiosti ou nounoty sporu.			
Hodnota sporu	Výška súdnych poplatkov		
do 39 RON	2 RON		
39,01 RON – 388 RON	2 RON plus 10 % zo sumy, o ktorú daná hodnota sporu presahuje 39 RON		
388,01 RON – 3 879 RON	37 RON plus 8 % zo sumy, o ktorú daná hodnota sporu presahuje 388 RON		
3 879,01 RON – 19 395,00 RON	316 RON plus 6 % zo sumy, o ktorú daná hodnota sporu presahuje 3 879 RON		
19 395,01 RON – 38 790,00 RON	1 247 RON plus 4 % zo sumy, o ktorú daná hodnota sporu presahuje 19 395 RON		
38 791,01 RON – 193 948 RON	2 023 RON plus 2 % zo sumy, o ktorú daná hodnota sporu presahuje 38 790 RON		
viac ako 193 948 RON	5 126 RON plus 1 % zo sumy, o ktorú daná hodnota sporu presahuje 193 948 RON		

V prípade sporov týkajúcich sa **rodinného práva** sú súdne poplatky nasledovné:

Za rozvod spôsobený zhoršením rodinných vzťahov alebo rozvod po vzájomnom súhlase manželov (Rumunský rodinný	39 RON (10 EUR)
zákonník, článok 38 ods. 1 a 2)	
Za rozvod spôsobený neschopnosťou manželov vykonávať svoje rodinné povinnosti z dôvodu vážneho ochorenia (Rumunský	8 RON (2 EUR)
rodinný zákonník, článok 38 ods. 3) a rozvod spôsobený nízkym príjmom člena rodiny (nižší ako minimálna hrubá národná	
mzda) alebo chýbajúcim príjmom	
Za opateru dieťaťa, za stanovenie bydliska maloletého dieťaťa, za uznanie dieťaťa s možnosťou používať meno rodiča	6 RON (2,5 EUR)

poplatok za kolky (približne 1 EUR) – pohybuje sa vo výške od 1,5 RON do 5 RON

súdne rozhodnutia - Trovy rozhodnutia (pribl. 1 EUR)

Súdne rozhodnutia, oznámenia a súdne predvolania sa oznamujú stranám, svedkom, znalcom alebo ostatným osobám alebo inštitúciám, ktoré sú stranami sporu bezplatne.

Konzultácia alebo kópia dokumentov zo súdnej zložky a potvrdenia z kancelárie súdneho úradníka, sú spoplatnené (maximálne 4 RON).

Náklady na získanie overeného rozhodnutia (menej ako 1 EUR)

Žiadosti predložené súdu o poskytnutie kópií konečných a neodvolateľných	Opatrené kolkom so súdnym poplatkom vo výške 2 RON
súdnych rozhodnutí	

Ostatné konania: fixné náklady

Odmeny splatné prekladateľom a tlmočníkom

1. Odmeny prekladateľov a tlmočníkov

Stanovuje ich súd v súdnom nariadení, v ktorom vymenúva tlmočníka alebo prekladateľa. Minimálna sadzba vo výške 20 RON sa zvyšuje:

o 50% za preklady z orientálneho jazyka alebo späť (japončina, čínština) alebo pri zriedkavo používaných jazykoch či v prípade urgentných prekladov (do 24 – 48 hodín):

o 100% za simultánne tlmočenie alebo za služby počas víkendov, štátnych sviatkov alebo dní pracovného voľna, alebo v čase od 22.00 do 06.00 hod.

Presná výška sadzieb je stanovená pre:

súdnych tlmočníkov	23,15 RON (približne 6 EUR) na hodinu, alebo v prípade potreby za menej ako
	hodinu (časť hodiny)
preklady	33,56 RON (približne 8 EUR) za stranu

DPH sa k týmto sumám pripočítava v prípade potreby vyplývajúcej zo zákona.

2. Odmeny exekútorov (Súdnych exekútorov)

Viac informácií nájdete v kapitole o odmenách exekútorov vyššie.

Odvolania

Náklady na súdne konanie na súde prvého stupňa sú podobné nákladom splatným v odvolacom konaní, dosahuje však výšku 50 % nákladov na súde.

Občianske súdne konania, v ktorých sa musia zaplatiť fixné náklady

1. Súdne poplatky

Súdne poplatky sa **uhrádzajú vopred**, a to pred prijatím, spracovaním alebo vydaním príslušnej dokumentácie alebo vykonaním požadovanej služby. V praxi žiadateľ zaplatí pri predložení žiadosti súdny poplatok, ktorý považuje za správny. Na prvom vypočutí súd určí výšku právnych súdnych poplatkov, ktoré je potrebné uhradiť, a vyzve stranu sporu, aby uhradila prípadný nedoplatok.

2. Odmeny súdnych exekútorov

Výdavky súvisiace s exekúciou musí zaplatiť vopred strana, ktorá o exekúciu požiadala. Zaplatenie odmeny vopred súdnemu exekútorovi však nemôže byť podmienkou výkonu súdnych rozhodnutí.

3. Odmeny za tlmočenie

Strana, ktorá požiadala o služby tlmočníka, musí uhradiť poplatky stanovené súdom, oficiálne cestovné náklady alebo odmenu tlmočníkovi do 5 dní od stanovenia tohto poplatku.

4. Odmeny znalcov

Strana, ktorá požiadala o súdnoznalecký posudok je povinná uhradiť predbežne dohodnutú sumu, prípadne zálohu na úhradu cestovných nákladov do 5 dní odo dňa vymenovania súdneho znalca, a to prostredníctvom špeciálneho účtu, ktorý výlučne na tento účel otvoril miestny úrad pre súdnoznalecké a účtovné posudky. Súd môže tiež nariadiť, aby tieto výdavky znášali obe strany sporu.

Poplatok za súdnoznalecký posudok stanovuje orgán, ktorý tento posudok nariadil, pričom sa berie do úvahy zložitosť posudku, množstvo vykonanej práce, platová trieda a vedecká úroveň znalca alebo odborníka.

Fixné náklady v trestnom konaní

Fixné náklady pre strany sporu v trestných konaniach

Pre strany sporu v trestných konaniach nie sú stanovené žiadne fixné náklady.

Fixné náklady v konaní pred Ústavným súdom

Fixné náklady pre sporové strany v konaniach pred Ústavným súdom

Pre strany sporu v konaniach pred Ústavným súdom nie sú stanovené žiadne fixné náklady.

Informácie, ktoré musia právni zástupcovia vopred poskytnúť

Práva a povinnosti strán

Právni zástupcovia v Rumunsku **nemajú priamu povinnosť** poskytovať stranám vopred informácie o ich právach a povinnostiach, vyhliadkach na úspech a nákladoch na súdne konanie. Podľa štatútu právnych profesií je však právny zástupca **povinný** poskytnúť svojmu klientovi poradenstvo promptným, svedomitým, náležitým a dôkladným spôsobom.

Zdroje trov

Kde nájdem informácie o zdrojoch trov v Rumunsku?

Informácie o rôznych zdrojoch trov nie sú jednoducho dostupné, pretože nie sú uverejnené na webových stránkach verejných inštitúcií, ani sa neuvádzajú v brožúrach. Tieto informácie môžete získať priamo od osôb pracujúcich v danej oblasti alebo v nasledujúcich zákonoch týkajúcich sa súdnych trov.

Súdne trovy a poplatky za kolky reguluje zákon č. 146/1997 o súdnych trovách a vládne nariadenie č. 32/1995 o poplatkoch za kolky.

Odmeny právnych zástupcov upravuje zákon 188/2000 o súdnych exekútoroch/exekútoroch, ako aj nariadenie č. 2550/C zo 14. novembra 2006 o schválení minimálnych a maximálnych poplatkoch za služby súdnych exekútorov.

Odmeny znalcov upravuje občiansky súdny poriadok a nariadenie vlády č. 2/2000 o organizácií činnosti súdnej alebo mimosúdnej technickej expertízy.

Odmeny za preklad a tlmočenie upravuje občiansky súdny poriadok, a to v zákone č. 178/1997 a prostredníctvom nariadenia č. 772 z 5. marca 2009 o stanovení poplatkov pre súdnych tlmočníkov a prekladateľov.

V akých jazykoch môžem získať informácie o zdrojoch trov v Rumunsku?

Právne predpisy upravujúce trovy konania sú dostupné len v rumunskom jazyku.

Kde nájdem informácie o mediácii?

Mediáciu upravuje zákon č. 192/2006 o mediácii a organizácii profesie mediátora. V tomto zákone sa uvádza, že mediátor má nárok na zaplatenie **odmeny dohodnutej so stranami sporu**, ako aj na úhradu nákladov spojených s mediáciou.

Kde nájdem ďalšie informácie o trovách?

Kde nájdem informácie o priemernej dĺžke trvania jednotlivých konaní?

Štatistické informácie o priemernej dĺžke trvania prípadov sa nachádzajú vo výročnej správe o činnosti rumunského súdnictva, ktorá je dostupná v rumunskom jazyku na verejných webových stránkach Vyššej sudcovskej rady (pozri kapitolu 3.4 s názvom Ukazovatele kvality činnosti súdnictva, strany 155 až 162).

Daň z pridanej hodnoty

Na súdne trovy ani poplatky za kolky či odmeny právnych zástupcov zahrnuté v zmluve o poskytovaní právnej pomoci sa nevzťahuje DPH.

V prípade prekladu dokumentov sa DPH započítava do sadzby, ak to vyžaduje zákon.

Právna pomoc

Uplatniteľný príjmový strop v oblasti občianskeho práva

Priemerný čistý mesačný príjem na člena rodiny	Podmienky poskytovania	
menej ako 500 RON (pribl. 125 EUR)	Výška príjmu by sa mala nachádzať pod hranicou minimálne 2 mesiace pred začatím súdneho konania,	
	pričom v takomto prípade znáša všetky trovy prípadu štát .	
menej ako 800 RON (pribl. 200 EUR)	Výška príjmu by sa mala nachádzať pod hranicou minimálne 2 mesiace pred začatím súdneho konania,	
	pričom v takomto prípade 50 % trov prípadu znáša štát.	

Právna pomoc sa poskytuje aj v týchto prípadoch:

keď fixné alebo celkové náklady na súdne konanie môžu obmedziť ústavné právo na účinný prístup k spravodlivosti; alebo

keď prístup k spravodlivosti môže byť obmedzený z dôvodu rozdielov v nákladoch na živobytie medzi členským štátom pobytu a Rumunskom,

bez ohľadu na príjem príjemcu v prípade, keď osobitný zákon stanovuje právo na poskytovanie právnej pomoci ako **ochranného opatrenia pre príjemcu** (ak je príjemca maloletá osoba, osoba so zdravotným postihnutím alebo ak sa nachádza v inej osobitnej situácii).

Platná hranica príjmu v oblasti trestného súdnictva pre obžalovaných

Koncept hranice príjmu sa nevzťahuje na trestné veci. V trestných veciach sa príslušné právne ustanovenia upravujúce túto oblasť nachádzajú v článku 171 trestného poriadku. Právna pomoc sa poskytuje obžalovaným v týchto prípadoch:

keď ide o maloleté osoby:

keď boli internovaní do reedukačných centier alebo vzdelávacej lekárskej inštitúcie;

keď boli uväznení alebo vzatí do väzby v kontexte ostatných trestných prípadov;

keď boli internovaní zo zdravotných dôvodov alebo keď sa nachádzajú pod povinným lekárskym dohľadom;

keď sa orgán činný v trestnom konaní alebo súd domnieva, že obžalovaný nie je schopný sa sám obhajovať:

keď trest stanovený zákonom za spáchaný trestný čin je doživotie alebo odňatie slobody minimálne na 5 rokov.

Platná hranica príjmu v oblasti trestného súdnictva pre obete

Koncept hranice príjmu sa nevzťahuje na obete v oblasti trestného súdnictva. Príslušné právne ustanovenia upravujúce túto oblasť sa nachádzajú v článku 173 Trestného poriadku.

Bezplatné súdne konania

Nasledujúce spory sú zo zákona oslobodené od platenia súdnych trov:

všetky spory, ktoré sa týkajú (1) ochrany a podpory práv detí (upravené zákonom č. 272/2004 o podpore a ochrane detských práv), (2) opatrovníctva, (3) poručníctva, (4) pomoci pre osoby s vážnym mentálnym postihnutím (duševne chorých);

spory týkajúce sa právnych a zmluvných vyživovacích povinností a všetky spory týkajúce sa adopcie (upravené zákonom č. 273/2004 o adopcii); ostatné spory vyplývajúce z rôznych zákonov.

Kedy je strana, ktorá spor prehrala, povinná nahradiť trovy druhej strany?

V občianskoprávnych veciach sú pravidlá týkajúce sa priznania trov alebo kompenzácií trov v zásade upravené článkami 274 až 276 Občianskeho súdneho poriadku:

strana, ktorá spor prehrala, je povinná (na požiadanie) uhradiť trovy súdneho sporu;

sudca nemôže znížiť súdne poplatky alebo iné výdavky, ktoré má uhradiť strana, ktorá súdny spor vyhrala;

žalovaný, ktorý uznal nárok žalobcu na prvom pojednávaní, v zásade nemusí zaplatiť súdne výdavky, ak ho o tom oficiálne neupovedomil exekútor prostredníctvom špecializovaného konania pred vynesením rozsudku uvedeného vyššie;

V trestných veciach rozsudky týkajúce sa priznania trov alebo kompenzácií trov v zásade upravujú články 189 až 193 Trestného poriadku. V zásade: náklady na výkon procesných konaní, vykonávanie dôkazov, zabezpečenie materiálnych dôkazných prostriedkov, odmeny právnych zástupcov ako aj všetky ostatné náklady súvisiace so súdnymi konaniami v trestných veciach sa uhrádzajú z prostriedkov, ktoré poskytol štát alebo ktoré zaplatili strany sporu. v prípade odsúdenia je obžalovaný povinný zaplatiť súdne výdavky, ktoré uhradil štát, s výnimkou výdavkov na tlmočníkov, ktorých vymenovali súdne orgány, a v prípadoch, v ktorých bola poskytnutá bezplatná právna pomoc.

v prípade oslobodenia alebo zastavenia súdneho konania sa náklady na súdne konanie vzniknuté štátu uhrádzajú nasledovným spôsobom:

V prípade oslobodenia tieto náklady uhrádza: a) obeť, a to do tej miery, do akej tento trestný čin spôsobila; b) občan, ktorého občianskoprávne žaloby boli úplne zamietnuté, a to do tej miery, do akej tieto náklady spôsobil; c) obžalovaný, ktorý, aj keď ho súd oslobodil, je stále povinný uhradiť vzniknuté škody.

V prípade zastavenia súdneho konania tieto náklady uhrádza a) obžalovaný, ak bolo nariadené nahradenie trestnej zodpovednosti alebo ak existuje dôvod na jeho nepotrestanie; b) obe strany v prípade uzmierenia; c) obeť, v prípade, že trestné oznámenie bolo zamietnuté alebo ak bolo súdu predložené neskoro.

V prípade udelenia amnestie, premlčania alebo stiahnutia trestného oznámenia, ako aj v prípade existencie dôvodu pre nepotrestanie, ak obžalovaný požiada o pokračovanie súdneho procesu, súdne výdavky môže znášať obeť alebo obžalovaný v závislosti od ostatných súvisiacich zákonných ustanovení. Vo všetkých ostatných prípadoch uhrádza svoje vlastné súdne náklady štát.

Odmeny znalcov

V článku 274 občianskeho súdneho poriadku sa uvádza, že strana, ktorá súdny spor prehrala, musí uhradiť trovy súdneho konania, ktoré zahŕňajú odmeny súdnych znalcov, ktoré zaplatila strana, ktorá súdny spor vyhrala.

Súvisiace prílohy

Správa Rumunska o Štúdii transparentnosti trov PDF (544 Kb)

Posledná aktualizácia: 03/11/2020

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Case study 1 - family law - divorce - Romania

In this case study on family law – divorce, Member States were asked to advise the party that files for divorce on litigation costs in order to consider the following situations:

Case A – National situation: a couple gets married. Later they separate and agree to a divorce.

Case B – Transnational situation: Two nationals from a same Member State (Member State A) get married. The marriage is celebrated in Member State A.

After the wedding, the couple moves to live and work in another Member State (Member State B) where they establish their residence. Shortly thereafter the couple separates with the wife returning to Member State A and the husband remaining in Member State B. The couple agrees to a divorce. Upon her return to Member State A, the wife immediately files for a divorce before the courts of Member State B.

NOTE – 1. The answers pertaining to all the case studies were provided assuming that the claim is made in the Romanian courts 2. For better comprehension, the calculation of costs took into account the following hypothetical currency rate – EUR 1 = RON 4 (Romanian currency). Costs in Romania

Costs for Court, Appeals and Alternative Dispute Resolution

	Court			Appeals
Case				
Study		-		
	Initial court fees	Transcription fees	Other fees	Initial court fees
Case A	RON 39.3 (approximately EUR	In order to obtain simple copies	Legalisation - atestation in order to	The decision cannot be appealed in
	10) comprising RON 39 (court	of various procedural	obtain an authenticated court decision	this case, as the divorce is agreed by
	fee) and RON 0.3 (stamp duty)	documents drafted by	RON 2.15 (approximately EUR 0.5)	both parties
	Exception – RON 8.3	specialised court personnel	comprising RON 2 (court fee) and	
	(approximately EUR 2)	(clerks) photocopying charges	RON 0.15 (stamp duty)	
	comprising RON 8 (court fees)	(varying between EUR 0.05 and	Supralegalisation – RON 1.15	
	and RON 0.3 (stamp duty), if the	EUR 1.25 per copy) must be	(approximately EUR 0.25) comprising	
	party does not have an income	paid	RON 1 (court fee) and RON 0.15	
	or the income is lower than the		(stamp duty) - only if it is necessary	
	minimum national gross salary		for the party	
Case B	RON 39.3 (approximately EUR	In order to obtain simple copies	Legalisation -Attestation in order to	The decision cannot be appealed in
	10) comprising RON 39 (court	of various procedural	obtain an authenticated court decision	this case, as the divorce is agreed by
	fee) and RON 0.3 (stamp duty)	documents drafted by	RON 2.15 (approximately EUR 0.5)	both parties.
	Exception – RON 8.3	specialised court personnel	comprising RON 2 (court fee) and	
	(approximately EUR 2)	(clerks), photocopying costs	RON 0.15 (stamp duty)	
	comprising RON 8 (court fees)	(varying between EUR 0.05 and	Supralegalisation – RON 1.15	
	and RON 0.3 (stamp duty) if the	EUR 1.25 per each copy) must	(approximately EUR 0.25)	
	party does not have an income	be paid	comprising RON 1 (court fee) and	
	or the income is lower than the		RON 0.15 (stamp duty) only if it is	
	minimum national gross salary		necessary for the party	

Case Study	ADR				
	this option open for this type of case? Costs				
Case A	Yes Costs are provided for in the mediation contract, as agreed by the parties				
		and the mediator			
Case B	Yes Costs are provided for in the mediation contract, as agreed by the parties				
		and the mediator			

	Lawyer		Bailiff			
Case Study						
	Is representation compulsory?	Average costs	Is representation compulsory?	Pre-judgment costs	Post-judgment costs	
Case A	NO	Variable costs depending on the legal assistance contract Not applicable in this case, as representation is not compulsory	NO	Not applicable in this case	Not applicable in this case	
Case B	NO	Variable costs depending on the legal assistance contract Not applicable in this case, as representation is not compulsory	ио	Not applicable in this case	Not applicable in this case	

Case Study	Expert				
	Is use compulsory?	Cost			
Case A	NO	Not applicable in this case			
Case B	NO	Not applicable in this case			

	Witness compensation	Witness compensation P		Pledge or security		
Case						
Study						
	Are witnesses compensated?	Cost	Does this exist and when and how is it used?	Cost		
Case A	Yes. However, this case does	Not applicable in this case	Not applicable in this case	Not applicable in this		
	not require witnesses.			case		
Case B	Yes. However, this case does	Not applicable in this case	Not applicable in this case	Not applicable in this		
	not require witnesses.			case		

Costs for legal aid and other reimbursement

	Legal Aid		
Case			
study			
	When and under which conditions is it applicable?	When is support total?	Conditions?
Case A	Please see annex 1 attached	Please see annex 1 attached	Please see annex 1 attached
Case B	Please see annex 1 attached	Please see annex 1 attached	Please see annex 1 attached

	Reimbursement			
Case study				
	Can the winning party obtain reimbursement of	If reimbursement is not total	What costs are never	Are there instances when legal
	litigation costs?	what is percentage in general?	reimbursed?	aid should be reimbursed to
				the legal aid organisation?
Case A	Not applicable in this case, as the parties	Not applicable in this case, as	Not applicable in this case,	NO
	consent to divorce (divorce is agreed by both	the parties consent to divorce	as the parties consent to	
	parties)	(divorce is agreed by both	divorce (divorce is agreed	
		parties)	by both parties)	
Case B	Not applicable in this case, as the parties	Not applicable in this case, as	Not applicable in this case,	NO
	consent to divorce (divorce is agreed by both	the parties consent to divorce	as the parties consent to	
	parties)	(divorce is agreed by both	divorce (divorce is agreed	
		parties)	by both parties)	

Costs for translation and interpretation

	Translation	
Case study		
	When and under which conditions is it necessary?	Approximative cost?
Case A	Not applicable in this case	Not applicable in this case.
Case B	When documents submitted to the court (part of the	The costs may vary according to the translation contract or, if the translation is
	case dossier) are written in another language	performed by an authorised translator at the court's request, a fee of RON 33.56
		(approximately EUR 8) per page in A4 format should be paid

Case	Interpretation	Interpretation		Other costs specific to cross-border disputes?		
study						
	When and under which	When and under which Approximative cost?		Approximative cost?		
	conditions is it necessary?					
Case A	When the party who should	RON 23.15 per hour	-	-		
	be heard by the court is deaf	(approximately EUR 6)				
	or mute, or does not know					
	how to write.					
Case B	If at least one of the parties	If at least one of the parties RON 23.15 per hour		-		
	does not speak Romanian.	(approximately EUR 6)				

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Case study 2 - family law - custody of the children - Romania

In this case study on family law – custody of the children, Member States were asked to advise the suing party on litigation costs on litigation costs in order to consider the following situations:

Case A – National situation: Two persons have lived together unmarried for a number of years. They have a three year old child when they separate. A court decision grants custody of the child to the mother and a right of access to the father. The mother sues to limit the father's right of access.

Case B – Transnational situation where you are a lawyer in Member State A: Two persons have lived together unmarried in a Member State (Member State B) for a number of years. They have a child together but separate immediately after the child's birth. A court decision in Member State B gives the child's custody to the mother with a right of access to the father. The mother and the child move to live in another Member State (Member State A) as authorised to do so by the Court decision and the father remains in Member State B. A few years later, the mother sues in Member State A to change the father's right of access.

Costs in Romania

Costs for Court, Appeals and Alternative Dispute Resolution

	Court			Appeals	
Case					
Study					
	Initial court fees	Transcription fees	Other fees	Initial court fees	Transcription fees
Case A	(approximately EUR 2) comprising RON 8 (court fee) and RON 0.3 (stamp duty) simple copies of various procedural documents drafted by specialised court personnel (clerks), th photocopying costs (varying between EU		1. Legalisation – Attestation in order to obtain an authenticated court decision – RON 2.15 (approximately EUR 0.5) comprising RON 2 (court fee) and RON 0.15 (stamp duty) 2. Investing the court decision with an enforceable formula – RON 4.15 (approximately EUR 1) comprising RON 4 (court fee) and RON 0.15 (stamp duty)	50% of RON 8.3 (approximately EUR 1)	In order to obtain simple copies of various procedural documents drafted by specialised court personnel (clerks), the photocopying costs (varying between EUR 0.05 and EUR 1.25 per copy) must be paid
		copy) must be paid	Supra-legalisation – RON 1.15 (approximately EUR 0.25) comprising RON 1 (court fee) and RON 0.15 (stamp duty) – only if it is necessary for the party		
Case B	EUR 2) comprising RON 8 (court fee) and RON 0.3 (stamp duty)	documents drafted by specialised court personnel (clerks), the photocopying costs	1. Legalisation – Attestation in order to obtain an authenticated court decision – RON 2.15 (approximately EUR 0.5) comprising RON 2 (court fee) and RON 0.15 (stamp duty) 2. Investing the court decision with an enforceable formula – RON 4.15 (approximately EUR 1) comprising RON 4 (court fee) and RON 0.15 (stamp duty) 3. Supra-legalisation – RON 1.15 (approximately EUR 0.25) comprising RON 1 (court fee) and RON 0.15 (stamp duty) – only if it is necessary for the party	50% of RON 8.3 (approximately EUR 1)	In order to obtain simple copies of various procedural documents drafted by specialised court personnel (clerks), the photocopying costs (varying between EUR 0.05 and EUR 1.25 per copy) must be paid

Case Study	ADR	ADR			
	Is this option open for this type of case?	Costs			
Case A	Yes Costs are provided in the mediation contract, as agreed				
	the parties and the mediator.				
Case B	Yes Costs are provided for in the mediation contract, as agre				
		by the parties and the mediator.			

	Lawyer		Bailiff		
Case Study					
	Is representation	Average costs	Is representation	Pre-judgment costs	Post-judgment costs
	compulsory?		compulsory?		
Case A	NO	Variable costs	NO	Not applicable in this case, as only the	Granting enforcement of the court
		depending on the legal		court decision (issued post judgment)	decision – RON 10.3
		assistance contract		can be subject to enforcement, if the	(approximately EUR 2.5),
		Not applicable in this		losing party (the father) does not	comprising RON 10 (court fee)
		case, as		execute it willingly	and RON 0.3 (stamp duty)
		representation is not			Notification- RON 20 minimum
		compulsory			fee (approximately EUR 5) and
					RON 400 maximum fee
					(approximately EUR 100)
					Bailiff's fees - RON 50
					(approximately EUR 12.5)

					minimum fee and RON 500 (approximately EUR 125) maximum fee
Case B	NO	Variable costs	NO	Not applicable in this case, as only the	Granting enforcement of the court
		depending on the legal		court decision (issued post judgment)	decision – RON 10.3
		assistance contract		can be subject to enforcement, if the	(approximately EUR 2.5),
		Not applicable in this		losing party (the father) does not	comprising RON 10 (court fee)
		case, as		execute it willingly	and RON 0.3 (stamp duty)
		representation is not			Notification - RON 20 minimum
		compulsory			fee (approximately EUR 5) and
					RON 400 maximum fee
					(approximately EUR 100)
					Bailiff's fees – RON 50
					(approximately EUR 12.5)
					minimum fee and RON 500
					(approximately EUR 125)
					maximum fee

Case Study	Expert			
	Is use compulsory? Cost			
Case A	NO	Not applicable in this case		
Case B	NO	Not applicable in this case		

	Witness compensation		Pledge or security	
Case				
Study				
	Are witnesses compensated?	Cost	Does this exist and when and how is it	Cost
			used?	
Case A	Yes	Transport costs are reimbursed and, if the	Eventual requests for insuring evidence	RON 8.3 (approximately
		witness so requests, compensation for the		EUR 2) comprising RON 8
		time spent in court may also be recovered		(court fee) and RON 0.3
		(depending on sources of income – e.g.		(stamp duty)
		employment contract etc)		
Case B	Yes	Transport costs are reimbursed and, if the	Eventual requests for insuring evidence	RON 8.3 (approximately
		witness so requests, compensation for the		EUR 2) comprising RON 8
		time spent in court may also be recovered		(court fee) and RON 0.3
		(depending on sources of income – e.g.		(stamp duty)
		employment contract etc)		

Costs for legal aid and other reimbursement

	Legal Aid				
Case					
study					
	When and under which conditions is it applicable?	When is support total?	Conditions?		
Case A	Please see annex 1 attached	Please see annex 1 attached	Please see annex 1 attached		
Case B	Please see annex 1 attached	Please see annex 1 attached	Please see annex 1 attached		

Case	Reimbursement			
study				
	Can the winning party	If reimbursement is not	What costs are never	Are there instances when legal aid should be
	obtain reimbursement of	total what is percentage	reimbursed?	reimbursed to the legal aid organisation?
	litigation costs?	in general?		
Case A	Yes	In general 100% of the	If the mother wins, all	NO
		costs are reimbursed	the costs borne by her	
			can be recovered from	
			the father in this case	
Case B	Yes	In general 100% of the	If the mother wins, all	NO
		costs are reimbursed	the costs borne by her	
			can be recovered from	
			the father in this case	

Costs for translation and interpretation

	Translation		Interpretation		Other costs specific to cross-border	
Case			1 '		disputes?	
study					'	
	When and under which conditions is it necessary?	Approximative cost?	When and under which conditions is it necessary?	Approximative cost?	Description	Approximative cost?
Case A	Not applicable in this case	Not applicable in this case	When the party who should be heard by the court is deaf or mute, or does not know how to write.	RON 23.15 per hour (approximately EUR 6)	-	-
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	The costs may vary according to the translation contract or, if the translation is performed by an authorised translator at the court's request, a fee of RON 33.56 (approximately EUR 8) per page in A4 format should be paid.	If al least one of the parties does not speak Romanian. State A= Romania	RON 23.15 per hour (approximately EUR 6)	Yes, but are borne by the state	-

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Case study 3 - family law - alimony - Romania

In this case study on family law – alimony, Member States were asked to advise the suing party on litigation costs on litigation costs in order to consider the following situations:

Case A – National situation: Two persons have lived together unmarried for a number of years. They have a three year old child when they separate. A court decision grants custody of the child to the mother. The only outstanding dispute relates to the amount of the alimony owed to the mother by the father for the support and education of the child. The mother sues on this.

Case B – Transnational situation where you are a lawyer in Member State A: Two persons have lived together unmarried in a Member State (State B). They have a three year old child. They separate. A court decision in Member State B gives the child's custody to the mother. With the agreement of the father, the mother and the child move to live in another Member State (Member State A) where they establish their residence.

An outstanding dispute remains. This relates to the amount of the alimony owed to the mother by the father for the support and education of the child. The mother sues on this in Member State A.

Costs in Romania

Costs for Court, Appeals and Alternative Dispute Resolution

	Court			Appeals		
Case Study						
	Initial court fees	Transcription fees	Other fees	Initial court fees	Transcription fees	Other fees
Case A	No court fees	In order to obtain simple	1. Legalisation –	No court fees	In order to obtain	-
		copies of various	Attestation in order to		simple copies of	
		procedural documents	obtain an authenticated		various procedural	
		drafted by specialised	court decision - RON 2.15		documents drafted by	
		court personnel (clerks),	(approximately EUR 0.5)		specialised court	
		the photocopying costs	comprising RON 2 (court		personnel (clerks), the	
		(varying between EUR	fee) and RON 0.15 (stamp		photocopying costs	
		0.05 and EUR 1.25 per	duty)		(varying between EUR	
		copy) must be paid	2. Investing the court		0.05 and EUR 1.25 per	
			decision with an		copy) must be paid	
			enforceable formula –			
			RON 4.15 (approximately			
			EUR 1) comprising RON 4			
			(court fee) and RON 0.15			
			(stamp duty)			
			3. Supra-legalisation –			
			RON 1.15 (approximately			
			EUR 0.25) comprising			
			RON 1 (court fee) and			

			RON 0.15 (stamp duty) – only if it is necessary for			
Case B	No court fees	In order to obtain simple	the party	No court fees	In order to obtain	
Case b	ino court lees	1	Legalisation – Attestation in order to			
		copies of various procedural documents	obtain an authenticated		simple copies of	
					various procedural	
		drafted by specialised	court decision – RON 2.15		documents drafted by	
		court personnel (clerks),	(approximately EUR 0.5)		specialised court	
		the photocopying costs	comprising RON 2 (court		personnel (clerks), the	
		(varying between EUR	fee) and RON 0.15 (stamp		photocopying costs	
		0.05 and EUR 1.25 per	duty)		(varying between EUR	
		copy) must be paid	2. Investing the court		0.05 and EUR 1.25 per	
			decision with an		copy) must be paid	
			enforceable formula –			
			RON 4.15 (approximately			
			EUR 1) comprising RON 4			
			(court fee) and RON 0.15			
			(stamp duty)			
			3. Supra-legalisation –			
			RON 1.15 (approximately			
			EUR 0.25) comprising			
			RON 1 (court fee) and			
			RON 0.15 (stamp duty) –			
			only if it is necessary for			
			the party			

Case study	ADR			
	Is this option open for this type of case? Costs			
Case A	Yes	Costs are provided in the mediation contract,		
		as agreed by the parties and the mediator.		
Case B	Yes	Costs are provided in the mediation contract,		
		as agreed by the parties and the mediator		

	Lawyer		Bailiff			
Case Study						
	Is representation compulsory?	Average costs	Is representation compulsory?	Pre-judgment costs	Post-judgment costs	
Case A	NO	Variable costs depending on the legal assistance contract Not applicable in this case, as representation is not compulsory	NO	Not applicable in this case, as only the court decision (issued post judgement) can be subject to enforcement, if the losing party (the father) does not execute it willingly	Granting enforcement of the court decision – RON 10.3 (approximately EUR 2.5), comprising RON 10 (court fee) and RON 0.3 (stamp duty) Notification– RON 20 minimum fee (approximately EUR 5) and RON 400 maximum fee (approximately EUR 100) Bailiff's fees – RON 50 (approximately EUR 12.5) minimum fee and RON 500 (approximately EUR 125) maximum fee	
Case B	NO	Variable costs depending on the legal assistance contract Not applicable in this case, as representation is not compulsory	NO	Not applicable in this case, as only the court decision (issued post judgment) can be subject to enforcement, if the losing party (the father) does not execute it willingly	Granting enforcement of the court decision – RON 10.3 (approximately EUR 2.5), comprising RON 10 (court fee) and RON 0.3 (stamp duty) Notification– RON 20 minimum fee (approximately EUR 5) and RON 400 maximum fee (approximately EUR 100) Bailiff's fees – RON 50 (approximately EUR 12.5) minimum fee and RON 500	

		(approximately EUR 125)
		maximum fee

Case study	Expert		
	ls use compulsory?	Cost	
Case A	NO	Not applicable in this case	
Case B	NO	Not applicable in this case	

	Witness compensation		Pledge or security	
Case				
Study				
	Are witnesses compensated?	Cost	Does this exist and when and how is it	Cost
			used?	
Case A	Not applicable in this case, as	Not applicable in this case, as no	If the party requests the grant of	RON 10.3 (approximately
	no witnesses will be heard	witnesses will be heard	insurance measures (insuring	EUR 2.5), comprising RON
			sequester, garnishment)	10 (court fee) and RON 0.3
				(stamp duty)
Case B	Not applicable in this case, as	Not applicable in this case, as no	If the party requests the grant of	RON 10.3 (approximately
	no witnesses will be heard	witnesses will be heard	insurance measures (insuring	EUR 2.5), comprising RON
			sequester, garnishment)	10 (court fee) and RON 0.3
				(stamp duty)

Costs for legal aid and other reimbursement

	Legal Aid			Reimbursement					
Case study									
	When and under which conditions is it applicable?	When is support total?	Conditions?	Can the winning party obtain reimbursement of litigation costs?	If reimbursement is not total what is percentage in general?	never reimbursed?	Are there instances when legal aid should be reimbursed to the legal aid organization?		
Case A	Please see annex 1 attached	Please see annex 1 attached	Please see annex 1 attached	Yes	costs are reimbursed.	If the mother wins, all the costs borne by her can be recovered from the father in this case	NO		
Case B	Please see annex 1 attached	Please see annex 1 attached	Please see annex 1 attached	Yes	In general 100% of the costs are reimbursed.	If the mother wins, all the costs borne by her can be recovered from the father in this case	NO		

Costs for translation and interpretation

	Translation	Translation			Other costs specific to
Case					cross-border disputes?
study					
	When and under which	Approximative cost?	When and under which	Approximative cost?	Description
	conditions is it		conditions is it		
	necessary?		necessary?		
Case A	Not applicable in this	Not applicable in this case	When the party who	RON 23.15 per hour	
	case		should be heard by the	(approximately EUR 6)	
			court is deaf or mute, or		
			does not know how to		
			write.		
Case B	1. When documents	The costs may vary according to the	If at least one of the	RON 23.15 per hour	Yes, but are supported
	submitted to the court	translation contract, or, if the	parties does not speak	(approximately EUR 6)	by the State
	(part of the case	translation is performed by an	Romanian.		

dossier) are written in	authorised translator at the court's	State A = Romania	
another language.	request, a fee of RON 33.56		
2. In addition, when the	(approximately EUR 8) per page in		
party contests the	A4 format should be paid.		
accuracy of a document			
translated into			
Romanian, the court			
may request the			
translation of the			
document by an			
authorised translator.			

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Case study 4 - commercial law - contract - Romania

In this case study on commercial law – contract, Member States were asked to advise the seller on litigation costs in order to consider the following situations: Case A – National situation: A company delivered goods worth 20.000 euros. The seller has not been paid because the buyer considers that the goods do not conform to what was agreed.

The seller decides to sue to obtain the full payment of the price.

Case B – Transnational situation: A company whose head office is located in Member State B delivers goods worth 20.000 euros to buyer in Member State A. The contract is subject to Member State B's law and written in Member State B's language. This seller has not been paid because the buyer located in Member State A considers that the goods do not conform to what was agreed. The seller decides to sue in Member State A to obtain full payment of the price as provided under the contract with the buyer.

Costs in Romania

Costs for Court, Appeals and Alternative Dispute Resolution

	Court			Appeals	
Case Study					
	Initial court fees	Transcription fees	Other fees	Initial court fees	Transcription fees
Case A	RON 2,849.1998	In order to obtain simple	1. Legalisation – Attestation in order to	50% of the	In order to obtain simple copies of
	(approximately	copies of various	obtain an authenticated court decision –	initial court	various procedural documents
	EUR 710),	procedural documents	RON 2.15 (approximately EUR 0.5)	fees, namely	drafted by specialised court
	comprising RON	drafted by specialised	comprising RON 2 (court fee) and RON	RON	personnel (clerks), the
	2,844.1998 (court	court personnel (clerks),	0.15 (stamp duty)	1,424.5999	photocopying costs (varying
	fee) and RON 5	the photocopying costs	2. Investing the court decision with an	(approximately	between EUR 0.05 and EUR 1.25
	(stamp duty)	(varying between EUR	enforceable formula – RON 4.15	EUR 355)	per copy) must be paid
		0.05 and EUR 1.25 per	(approximately EUR 1) comprising RON 4		
		copy) must be paid	(court fee) and RON 0.15 (stamp duty)		
			3. Supra-legalisation – RON 1.15		
			(approximately EUR 0.25) comprising RON		
			1 (court fee) and RON 0.15 (stamp duty) –		
			only if it is necessary for the party		
Case B	RON 2,849.1998	In order to obtain simple	1. Legalisation – Attestation in order to	50% of the	In order to obtain simple copies of
	(approximately	copies of various	obtain an authenticated court decision –	initial court	various procedural documents
	EUR 710),	procedural documents	RON 2.15 (approximately EUR 0.5)	fees, namely	drafted by specialised court
	comprising RON	drafted by specialised	comprising RON 2 (court fee) and RON	RON	personnel (clerks), the
	2,844.1998 (court	court personnel (clerks),	0.15 (stamp duty)	1,424.5999	photocopying costs (varying
	fee) and RON 5	the photocopying costs	2. Investing the court decision with an	(approximately	between EUR 0.05 and EUR 1.25
	(stamp duty)	(varying between EUR	enforceable formula – RON 4.15	EUR 355)	per copy) must be paid
		0.05 and EUR 1.25 per	(approximately EUR 1) comprising RON 4		
		copy) must be paid	(court fee) and RON 0.15 (stamp duty)		
			3. Supra-legalisation – RON 1.15		
			(approximately EUR 0.25) comprising RON		
			1 (court fee) and RON 0.15 (stamp duty) –		
			only if it is necessary for the party		

Case study	DR			
	ls this option open for this type of case?	Costs		
Case A		Costs are provided for in the mediation contract, as agreed by the parties and the mediator		
Case B		Costs are provided for in the mediation contract, as agreed by the parties and the mediator		

	Lawyer		Bailiff			Expert	
Case							
Study	ļ	1		1	î		Î
	representation compulsory?	Average costs	Is representation compulsory?	Pre-judgment costs	Post-judgment costs	Is use compulsory?	Cost
Case A	NO	Variable costs depending on the legal assistance contract Not applicable in this case, as representation is not compulsory	NO	Not applicable in this case, as only the court decision (issued post judgment) can be subject to enforcement, if the losing party does not execute it willingly	Granting enforcement of the court decision – RON 10.3 (approximately EUR 2.5), comprising RON 10 (court fee) and RON 0.3 (stamp duty) Notification— RON 20 minimum fee (approximately EUR 5) and RON 400 maximum fee (approximately EUR 100) Bailiff's fees - maximum RON 2400 (approximately EUR 600)	NO	Variable cost which will be established by the court, depending on the complexity of the expertise.
Case B	NO	Variable costs depending on the legal assistance contract Not applicable in this case, as representation is not compulsory	NO	Not applicable in this case, as only the court decision (issued post judgment) can be subject to enforcement, if the losing party does not execute it willingly	Granting enforcement of the court decision – RON 10.3 (approximately EUR 2.5), comprising RON 10 (court fee) and RON 0.3 (stamp duty) Notification– RON 20 minimum fee (approximately EUR 5) and RON 400 maximum fee (approximately EUR 100) Bailiff's fees - maximum RON 2400 (approximately EUR 600)	NO	Variable cost, established by the court depending on the level of expertise required

	Witness compensation		Pledge or security		
Case					
Study					
	Are witnesses compensated?	Cost	Does this exist and when and how	Cost	
			is it used?		
Case A	Yes	Transport costs are reimbursed and, if the	Eventual requests for insuring	RON 8.3 (approximately	
		witness so requests, compensation for the	evidence (proofs of such preserved	EUR 2) comprising RON	
			documents)	8 (court fee) and RON 0.3	
				(stamp duty)	
I	1			i i	

		(depending on sources of income – e.g.	insurance measures (insuring sequester, garnishment)	RON 10.3 (approximately EUR 2.5) comprising RON 10 (court fee) and RON 0.3 (stamp duty)
Case B		witness so requests, compensation for the	evidence (proofs of such preserved	RON 8.3 (approximately EUR 2) comprising RON 8 (court fee) and RON 0.3 (stamp duty)
	Yes		insurance measures (insuring sequester, garnishment)	RON 10.3 (approximately EUR 2.5) comprising RON 10 (court fee) and RON 0.3 (stamp duty)

Costs for legal aid and other reimbursement

	Legal Aid		
Case			
study			
	When and under which conditions is it applicable?	When is support total?	Conditions?
Case A	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Case B	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

*	Reimbursement			
Case study				
	Can the winning party obtain reimbursement of litigation costs?	If reimbursement is not total what is percentage in general?	What costs are never reimbursed?	Are then when leg should be reimburg legal aid ation?
Case A	Yes	In general 100% of the costs are reimbursed	All the costs can be reimbursed in this case. All the costs can be reimbursed, except for costs involved in the following situation: The buyer who admits the seller's claim at the first hearing need not pay the judicial costs, except where he or she was notified before the hearing Where the court partially accepts the claims of both parties, the court will determine to which extent the parties can be ordered to pay the trial costs, and can also order the compensation of the expenses. Moreover, the court has the right to increase or reduce a lawyer's fees where it finds that these are unreasonably low or high in relation to the value of the case or the work carried out by the lawyer.	NO
Case B	Yes	In general 100% of the costs are reimbursed	All the costs can be reimbursed in this case. All the costs can be reimbursed, except for costs involved in the following situation: The buyer who admits the seller's claim at the first hearing need not pay the judicial costs, except where he or she was notified before the hearing Where the court partially accepts the claims of both parties, the court will determine to which extent the parties can be ordered to pay the trial costs, and can also order the compensation of the expenses. Moreover, the court has the right to increase or reduce a lawyer's fees where it finds that these are unreasonably low or high in relation to the value of the case or the work carried out by the lawyer.	NO

Costs for translation and interpretation

Case study	Translation		Interpretation	Other costs specific to cross-border disputes?	
	When and under which conditions is it necessary?	Approximative cost?	When and under which conditions is it necessary?	Approximative cost?	Description
Case A	In general, not applicable in this case	In general, not applicable in this case	When the party who should be heard by the court is deaf or mute, or does not know how to write	RON 23.15 per hour (approximately EUR 6)	-
Case B					

When documents	The costs may vary	If at least one of the parties	RON 23.15 per hour	Yes, they are borne by
submitted to the court (part of	according to the	does not speak Romanian.	(approximately EUR 6)	the State
the case dossier) are written	translation contract or, if	State A = Romania		-
in another language.	the translation is			
2. In addition, when a party	performed by an			
contests the accuracy of the	authorised translator at			
document translated into	the court's request, a fee			
Romanian, the court may	of RON 33.56			
request the translation of the	(approximately EUR 8)			
document by an authorised	per page in A4 format			
translator.	should be paid			

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Case study 5 - commercial law - responsibility - Romania

In this case study on commercial law – responsibility, Member States were asked to advise the customer on litigation costs in order to consider the following situations:

Case A – National situation: A heating equipment manufacturer delivers a heater to an installer. The installer on-sells (and installs) the heater to a customer to equip his/her house. The house catches fire shortly thereafter. Every participant (heating equipment manufacturer, installer, end-customer) is insured. The origin of the fire is contested. Nobody wants to compensate the customer.

The customer decides to sue for full compensation the heating equipment manufacturer, the heating equipment installer and the insurance companies. Case B – Transnational situation: A heating equipment manufacturer in a Member State B delivers heater to an installer in a Member State C. The installer on-sells the heater (and installs) the heater to a customer in Member State A to equip his/her house. The house catches fire shortly thereafter. Each participant (heating equipment manufacturer, installer, end-customer) is insured by an insurance company in its own Member State. The origin of the fire is contested. Nobody wants to compensate the customer.

The customer decides to sue in Member State A for full compensation the heating equipment manufacturer, the heating equipment installer and the insurance companies in Member State A.

Costs in Romania

Costs for Court, Appeals and Alternative Dispute Resolution

	Court		
Case			
Study			
	Initial court fees	Transcription fees	Other fees
Case A	The initial costs for bringing the action before the	In order to obtain simple copies of	Legalisation – Attestation in orderto obtain an
	court (comprising court fee and stamp duty) depend	various procedural documents	authenticated court decision – RON 2.15 (approximately
	on the amount (value) of the claim, as estimated by	drafted by specialised court	EUR 0.5) comprising RON 2 (court fee) and RON 0.15
	the applicant. These may vary between around EUR	personnel (clerks), the	(stamp duty)
	0.5 and over EUR 1300	photocopying costs (varying	2. Investing the court decision with an enforceable
		between EUR 0.05 and EUR 1.25	formula – RON 4.15 (approximately EUR 1) comprising
		per copy) must be paid	RON 4 (court fee) and RON 0.15 (stamp duty)
			3. Supra-legalisation – RON 1.15 (approximately EUR
			0.25) comprising RON 1 (court fee) and RON 0.15
			(stamp duty) – only if it is necessary for the party
Case B	The initial costs for bringing the action before the	In order to obtain simple copies of	Legalisation – Attestation in order to obtain an
	court (comprising court fee and stamp duty) depend	various procedural documents	authenticated court decision – RON 2.15 (approximately
	on the amount (value) of the claim, as estimated by	drafted by specialised court	EUR 0.5) comprising RON 2 (court fee) and RON 0.15
	the applicant. These may vary between around EUR	personnel (clerks), the	(stamp duty)
	0.5 and over EUR 1300	photocopying costs (varying	Investing the court decision with an enforceable
		between EUR 0.05 and EUR 1.25	formula – RON 4.15 (approximately EUR 1) comprising
		per copy) must be paid	RON 4 (court fee) and RON 0.15 (stamp duty)
			3. Supra-legalisation – RON 1.15 (approximately EUR
			0.25) comprising RON 1 (court fee) and RON 0.15
			(stamp duty) – only if it is necessary for the party

	Appeals			ADR	
Case					
Study					
	Initial court fees	Transcription fees	Other fees	Is this option open for	Costs
				this type of case?	
Case A	50% of the initial costs for bringing	In order to obtain simple	-	Yes	Costs are provided for in the
	the action before the court	copies of various procedural			mediation contract, as agreed by
		documents drafted by			the parties and the mediator
		specialised court personnel			
		(clerks), the photocopying			
		costs (varying between EUR			

		0.05 and EUR 1.25 per copy) must be paid			
Case B	50% of the initial costs for bringing	In order to obtain simple	-	Yes	
	the action to the court.	copies of various procedural			
		documents drafted by			
		specialised court personnel			
		(clerks), the photocopying			
		costs (varying between EUR			
		0.05 and EUR 1.25 per copy)			
		must be paid			

Costs for lawyer, bailiff and expert

	Lawyer		Bailiff			Expert	
Case Study							
	Is representation compulsory?		ls representation compulsory ?	Pre-judgment costs	Post-judgment costs	Is use compulsory?	Cost
Case A	NO	Variable costs depending on the legal assistance contract Not applicable in this case, as representation is not compulsory	NO	Not applicable in this case, as only the court decision (issued post judgment) can be subject to enforcement, if the losing party does not execute it willingly	Granting enforcement of the court decision – RON 10.3 (approximately EUR 2.5), comprising RON 10 (court fee) and RON 0.3 (stamp duty) Notification– RON 20 minimum fee (approximately EUR 5) and RON 400 maximum fee (approximately EUR 100) Bailiff's fees - depends on the sum awarded by the court as compensation	Yes	Variable costs, established by the court depending on the level of expertise required
Case B	NO	Variable costs depending on the legal assistance contract. Not applicable in this case, as representation is not compulsory	NO	Not applicable in this case, as only the court decision (issued post judgment) can be subject to enforcement, if the losing party does not execute it willingly	Granting enforcement of the court decision – RON 10.3 (approximately EUR 2.5), comprising RON 10 (court fee) and RON 0.3 (stamp duty) Notification– RON 20 minimum fee (approximately EUR 5) and RON 400 maximum fee (approximately EUR 100) Bailiff's fees - depends on the sum awarded by the court as compensation	Yes	Variable costs, established by the court depending on the level of expertise required

Costs for witness compensation, pledge or security and other relevant fees

	Witness compensation		Pledge or security	
Case Study				
	Are witnesses compensated?	Cost	Does this exist and when and how is it used?	Cost
Case A	Yes	Transport costs are reimbursed and, if the witness so requests, compensation for the time spent in	(proofs such preserved documents)	RON 8.3 (approximately EUR 2) comprising RON 8 (court fee) and RON 0.3 (stamp duty)
		court may also be recovered (depending on sources of income – e.g. employment contract etc)	If the party requests the grant of insurance measures (insuring sequester, garnishment	RON 10.3 (approximately EUR 2.5) comprising RON 10 (court fee) and RON 0.3 (stamp duty)
Case B	Yes	Transport costs are reimbursed and, if the witness so requests, compensation for the time spent in	(proofs such as preserved documents)	RON 8.3 (approximately EUR 2) comprising RON 8 (court fee) and RON 0.3 (stamp duty)
		court may also be recovered (depending on sources of income – e.g. employment contract etc)	If the party requests the grant of insurance measures (insuring sequester, garnishment)	RON 10.3 (approximately EUR 2.5) comprising RON 10 (court fee) and RON 0.3 (stamp duty)

Costs for legal aid and other reimbursement

Case study			
	When and under which conditions is it applicable?	When is support total?	Conditions?
Case A	If the applicant is a natural person, please see annex 1	If the applicant is a natural person,	If the applicant is a natural person, please
	attached	please see annex 1 attached	see annex 1 attached
Case B	If the applicant is a natural person, please see annex 1	If the applicant is a natural person,	If the applicant is a natural person, please
	attached	please see annex 1 attached	see annex 1 attached

	Reimbursement			
Case study				
	Can the winning party obtain reimbursement of litigation costs?	If reimbursement is not total what is percentage in general?	What costs are never reimbursed?	Are there instances when legal aid should be reimbursed to the legal aid organisation?
Case A	Yes	In general 100% of the costs are reimbursed.	All the costs can be reimbursed in this case All the costs can be reimbursed, except for costs relating to the following situation: The sued party who admitted the applicant's claim at the first hearing need not pay judicial costs, except where the sued party was notified before the hearing In the case when the court partially accepts the claims of both parties, the court will determine to which extent the parties can be ordered to pay the trial costs. The court can also order the compensation of the expenses. Moreover, the court has the right to increase or to reduce the lawyers' fees if they are found to be unreasonably low or high in relation to the value of the case or the work undertaken by the lawyer	NO
Case B	Yes	reimbursed	All the costs can be reimbursed, except for costs relating to the following situation: The sued party who admitted the applicant's claim at the first hearing need not pay judicial costs, except where the sued party was notified before the hearing In the case when the court partially accepts the claims of both parties, the court will determine to which extent the parties can be ordered to pay the trial costs. The court can also order the compensation of the expenses. Moreover, the court has the right to increase or to reduce the lawyers' fees if they are found to be unreasonably low or high in relation to the value of the case or the work undertaken by the lawyer	NO

Costs for translation and interpretation

	Translation		Interpretation		Other costs specific to
Case					cross-border disputes?
study					
	When and under which conditions	Approximative cost?	When and under which	Approximative cost?	Description
	is it necessary?		conditions is it		
			necessary?		
Case A	In general, not applicable in this	In general, not applicable in	When the party who	RON 23.15 per hour	
	case	this case.	should be heard by the	(approximately EUR 6)	
			court is deaf or mute,		
			or does not know how		
			to write.		
Case B	1. When documents submitted to	The costs may vary	If al least one of the	RON 23.15 per hour	Yes, they are borne by
	the court (part of the case dossier)	according to the translation	parties does not speak	(approximately EUR 6)	the state
	are written in another language.	contract or, if the translation	Romanian. State A =		
	2. In addition, when a party	is performed by an	Romania		
	contests the accuracy of the	authorised translator at the			
I	l	I	I	I	

l	document translated into	court's request, a fee of
	Romanian, the court may request	RON 33.56 (approximately
	the translation of the document by	EUR 8) per page in A4
	an authorised translator.	format should be paid

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