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Identificador europeo de jurisprudencia (ECLI)

El identificador europeo de jurisprudencia (ECLI) ha sido creado para facilitar la citación correcta e inequívoca de las resoluciones judiciales de los órganos jurisdiccionales nacionales y europeos. Un conjunto de metadatos uniforme contribuirá a mejorar el uso de los dispositivos de búsqueda de la jurisprudencia.

Antes del ECLI, la búsqueda de la jurisprudencia pertinente era difícil y larga. Tomemos, por ejemplo, el caso de una sentencia del Tribunal Supremo del Estado miembro A de interés para un debate jurídico específico. El asunto se registró en diversas bases de datos de jurisprudencia nacional y transfronteriza, pero en cada base de datos la sentencia tenía un identificador diferente. Todos estos identificadores – si se conocían – debían indicarse para que los lectores de la citación pudieran encontrar el asunto en la base de datos de su preferencia. Diferentes normas y estilos de citación complicaban la búsqueda. Además, los usuarios debían consultar todas las bases de datos para averiguar si ese asunto del Tribunal Supremo estaba disponible – resumido, traducido o anotado. Con el sistema ECLI bastará una búsqueda a través de una interfaz de búsqueda con un único identificador para encontrar todos los resultados en todas las bases de datos nacionales y transfronterizas consultadas.

El fácil acceso a las resoluciones judiciales de otros Estados miembros es cada vez más importante para reforzar el papel de los jueces nacionales en la aplicación y defensa del Derecho de la UE. La búsqueda y citación de las resoluciones judiciales de otros Estados miembros se ve seriamente obstaculizada por las diferencias entre los sistemas nacionales de identificación de la jurisprudencia, las normas de citación y los campos técnicos que describen las características de una resolución judicial.

Para superar estas diferencias y facilitar el acceso y la citación de la jurisprudencia nacional, extranjera y europea, el Consejo de la Unión Europea invitó a los Estados miembros y a las instituciones de la UE a introducir el identificador europeo de jurisprudencia (ECLI) y un conjunto mínimo de metadatos uniformes de la jurisprudencia.

Principales características del ECLI

El ECLI es un identificador uniforme que tiene el mismo formato reconocible para todos los órganos jurisdiccionales de los Estados miembros y de la UE. Se compone de cinco elementos obligatorios:

«ECLI»: sigla del identificador europeo de jurisprudencia;

el código de país;

el código del órgano jurisdiccional que dictó la resolución judicial;

el año en que se dictó la resolución judicial;

un número ordinal, de hasta 25 caracteres alfanuméricos, en el formato que determine cada uno de los Estados miembros. El ordinal podrá contener puntos, pero no otros signos de puntuación.

Los elementos están separados por un signo de dos puntos. Un ejemplo de ECLI (inexistente) podría ser:

ECLI:NL:HR: 009:384425, que sería la resolución 384425 del Tribunal Supremo («HR») de los Países Bajos («NL») en el año 2009.

Metadatos

A fin de facilitar la comprensión y búsqueda de la jurisprudencia, cada documento que contenga una resolución judicial deberá tener un conjunto de metadatos como los descritos en el presente apartado. Esos metadatos deben describirse con arreglo a las normas establecidas por la Iniciativa de Metadatos *Dublin Core* (*Dublin Core Metadata Initiative*).

[Las Conclusiones del Consejo sobre el ECLI](#) ofrecen una descripción de los metadatos que pueden ser utilizados.

Coordinador nacional del ECLI

Cada Estado miembro que emplee el ECLI deberá designar una organización de la Administración pública o una organización judicial como coordinador nacional del ECLI. El coordinador nacional del ECLI será responsable de establecer la lista de los códigos de los órganos jurisdiccionales participantes, la publicación del modo en que se compone el número ordinal y cualquier otra información que sea pertinente para el funcionamiento del sistema del ECLI. El coordinador ECLI de la UE es el Tribunal de Justicia de la Unión Europea.

Cada Estado miembro decidirá si, y en qué medida, utilizará el sistema del ECLI: por ejemplo, si se aplicará retroactivamente a los registros históricos o el número de órganos jurisdiccionales participantes, ya se trate solo el Tribunal Supremo, todos los órganos jurisdiccionales, etc.

Dimensión europea e internacional

Pinchando en las banderas europeas situadas a la derecha se obtiene información sobre aplicación del ECLI por parte del Tribunal de Justicia de la Unión Europea y la Oficina Europea de Patentes.

De acuerdo con las [conclusiones del Consejo](#), la Comisión Europea ha desarrollado [un buscador ECLI multilingüe](#) que permite encontrar resoluciones judiciales de las bases de los editores de jurisprudencia que han aplicado la norma ECLI y dan acceso a sus datos.

Hay un solucionador de dominios ECLI en <https://e-justice.europa.eu/ecli/>: con cualquier ECLI que se introduzca detrás de esta ruta se visualizarán los metadatos ECLI pertinentes (que haya). Por ejemplo, introduciendo <https://e-justice.europa.eu/ecli/ECLI:NL:HR:2016:764> se visualizarán directamente los metadatos de la resolución ECLI:NL:HR:2016:764.

Páginas de los Estados miembros

En las páginas de los Estados miembros puede encontrar información sobre:

si el Estado miembro ha introducido ya el ECLI y los metadatos;

en caso negativo, si piensa hacerlo;

en caso afirmativo: información sobre los códigos de los órganos jurisdiccionales, las normas de formateo, los metadatos y demás;

el coordinador nacional del ECLI.

Para obtener información detallada sobre un país, seleccione la bandera nacional correspondiente.

Última actualización: 17/11/2021

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European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) - European Union

The Court of Justice of the European Union (ECLI-Coordinator@curia.europa.eu) is the ECLI coordinator for the Union jurisdictions.

Country code

The "country code" for the Court of Justice of the European Union to be used in the second element of the ECLI is: [EU]

Generation of ECLI

Components of the ECLI to identify decisions of the Court of Justice of the European Union:

ECLI abbreviation

Country code: EU

Court code:

C = Court of Justice

T = General Court

F = Civil Service Tribunal

Year when the decision was rendered (format YYYY)

Ordinal number composed of:

Serial number of the decision per jurisdiction per year

Examples:

ECLI:EU:C:1998:27 is the 27th document of the Court of Justice with an ECLI in 1998

ECLI:EU:T:2012:426 is the 426th document of the General Court with an ECLI in 2012

ECLI:EU:F:2010:80 is the 80th document of the Civil Service Tribunal with an ECLI in 2010

Related links

 [EUR-Lex](#)



 [Curia](#)

Last update: 28/09/2021

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European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) - International

European Patent Office

 [The European Patent Office](#) (EPO) offers inventors a uniform application procedure which enables them to seek patent protection in up to 40 European countries. Supervised by the Administrative Council, the Office is the executive arm of  [the European Patent Organisation](#).

Coordination of ECLI in the European Patent Office is carried out by  [Publication Department](#).

Postal address

Postfach 90

1031 Vienna

Austria

Address

Rennweg 12

1030 Vienna

Austria

Country code

The country code for the European Patent Office to be used in the second element of the ECLI is: [EP]

Generation of national ECLI

Components of the ECLI to identify decisions of the Boards of Appeal of the European Patent Office:

ECLI abbreviation

Country code: EP

Court code: BA (BA= Boards of Appeal of the European Patent Office)

Year when the decision was rendered (format YYYY)

Ordinal number composed of:

Decision case number (original case number without the slash). Composed of 7 digits --> 1 digit (type of decision) + 4 digits (ordinal number of the decision) + 2 digits (last two digits of the year of filing).

Codes for the type of decisions at the EPO:

D : Disciplinary Board of Appeal

G : Enlarged Board of Appeal

J : Legal Board of Appeal

T : Technical boards of appeal

W : decisions on protest cases

R : decisions on petitions for review

A dot

Date of the decision (format YYYYMMDD)

Example:

ECLI:EP:BA:2002:D000300.20020503

EP= European Patent Office

BA= Boards of Appeal of the European Patent Office

2002 - year in which the decision was rendered (example)

D000300= D0003/00 (decision case number)

20020503 = 2002.05.03 (date of the decision)

Use of the ECLI

The ECLI is used to uniquely identify decisions of the Boards of Appeal of the European Patent Office.

Search by ECLI is enabled via the EPO Board of Appeal decisions database (see link below)

Related links

[EPO Board of Appeal decisions database](#)

[Case Law of the Boards of Appeal](#)

[European Patent Register](#)

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European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) - Belgium

National ECLI Coordinator

The central services of the Federal Public Service Justice ([SPF Justice](#) – info@just.fgov.be) act as national coordinator for Belgium.

Country code

ECLI country code for Belgium: [BE]

Generation of national ECLI

ECLI indexation was activated in October 2017.

Case-law:

Court of Cassation,

Courts of Appeal,

Labour courts (*Cour du travail/Aarbeidshof*):

Courts of first instance

Commercial courts,

Labour tribunals (*Tribunal du travail/Arbeidsrechtbank*):

registered in the [JUPORTAL public database of Belgian case-law](#), is also available via the ECLI search engine.

The ECLI number is composed of the following: ECLI:BE:[court code]:[year of the decision]:[serial number]

The ordinal number is in two parts, separated by a point:

'decision type' code:

ARR for judgments/rulings,

CONC for Public Ministry findings,

DEC for judicial decisions,

ORD for orders,

AVIS for opinions.

A serial number.

Until mid-November 2019, this serial number comprised the decision date format YYYYMMDD (year-month-day) followed by a point and a sequence number.

From mid-November 2019, the serial number of the judgments and findings of the Court of Cassation also contain information on the chamber where the case was heard. The serial number format is YYYYMMDD (year-month-day) followed by a point, the chamber code, another point and a sequence number.

The full ECLI of a conclusion of the Public Prosecutor's Office of the Court of Cassation for a case in which a judgment was delivered on 6 May 2010 is as follows: ECLI:BE:CASS:2010:CONC.20100506.5

For example, the full ECLI of a judgment of the Court of Cassation of 30 October 2020 is as follows: ECLI: BE: CASS: 2020: ARR.20201030.1N.4

If you are looking for a decision and you already know its ECLI number, you can access the specific page containing details of the decision directly using the following URL: <https://juportal.be/content/<numéro ECLI>>.

For example, you will find the detailed pages of the ECLI numbers given as an example at the following addresses:

<https://juportal.be/content/ECLI:BE:CASS:2010:CONC.20100506.5>

<https://juportal.be/content/ECLI:BE:CASS:2020:ARR.20201030.1N.4>

Court code:

Belgium has a large number of jurisdictional codes. The code list for Belgian courts can be found in the [attached table](#) (276 Kb).

Belgium's judicial landscape was redesigned on 1 April 2014. The attached table shows the names of the courts before and after the reform of 1 April 2014.

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European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) - Bulgaria

National ECLI coordinator

The national ECLI coordinator is:

Supreme Judicial Council (SJC)

Ul. Ekzarh Yosif 12,

Sofia 1000,

Bulgaria

Web: <http://www.vss.justice.bg> vss@vss.justice.bg

Country code

The country code for Bulgaria is: BG

Creation of a national ECLI

An ECLI is generated for each court decision that is published on the central web-based interface for case law (<https://legalacts.justice.bg/>). The portal is maintained by the Bulgarian ECLI coordinator, the Supreme Judicial Council. The ECLI syntax is specified in Chapter Seven of [Regulation No 4 of 16 March 2017 on keeping, storing and accessing the register of court documents](#).

The ECLI consists of the following components:

The abbreviation 'ECLI'

The country code 'BG'

The court code, consisting of two parts:

The type of court (2 capital letters):

'CC' designates the Constitutional Court

'SC' designates the Supreme Court of Cassation

'SA' designates the Supreme Administrative Court

'PA' designates the Specialised Criminal Court of Appeal

'PC' designates the Specialised Criminal Court

'MA' designates the Military Court of Appeal

'MC' designates Military Courts

'AP' designates Courts of Appeal

'AD' designates Administrative Courts

'DC' designates Provincial Courts

'RC' designates District Courts

Numerical court code (3 digits):

'000' is the number of the Constitutional Court

'001' is the number of the Supreme Court of Cassation

'002' is the number of the Supreme Administrative Court

The codes of all other courts are set out in Annex 9 to the [Rules on Administration in Courts](#)^[1]

Examples:

'CC000' is the code of the Constitutional Court

'SC001' is the code of the Supreme Court of Cassation

'SA002' is the code of the Supreme Administrative Court

'AP500' is the code of the Plovdiv Court of Appeal

'DC530' is the code of the Plovdiv Provincial Court

'RC533' is the code of the Plovdiv District Court

Table 1 below lists the codes of all courts used in the third component of the ECLI.

Year of the court decision in the 'YYYY' format

Number of the court decision, consisting of four sub-components, the last of which is separated from the first three by a dot.

4 digits indicating the year of the case

2 digits indicating the code of the case type. These codes are specified in Article 80(2) of the [Rules on Administration in Courts](#) – see Table 2 below

5-digit number of the case for the relevant year

3-digit number of the court decision in the specific case

Example of an ECLI of a Bulgarian court decision

ECLI:BG:DC530:2017:20160100630.001

BG = Bulgaria

DC530 = Plovdiv Provincial Court

2017 = Year of court decision

20160100630.001 = First decision of the Plovdiv Provincial Court in a first-instance civil case with number 630 of 2016.

Related links

<https://legalacts.justice.bg/> – Central web-based interface for the publication of case law

<http://www.vks.bg/> – website of the Supreme Court of Cassation

<http://www.sac.government.bg> – website of the Supreme Administrative Court

1 Court codes '000', '001' and '002' are not included in Annex No 9 to the Rules on Administration in Courts, as the rules do not concern the administration of the Constitutional Court, the Supreme Court of Cassation and the Supreme Administrative Court.

Table 1 – Court codes

| Code | Court |
|-------|--------------------------------------|
| CC000 | Constitutional Court |
| SC001 | Supreme Court of Cassation |
| SA002 | Supreme Administrative Court |
| AP100 | Sofia Court of Appeal |
| PA101 | Specialised Criminal Court of Appeal |
| PC105 | Specialised Criminal Court |
| DC110 | Sofia City Court |
| RC111 | Sofia District Court |
| DC120 | Blagoevgrad Provincial Court |
| RC121 | Blagoevgrad District Court |
| RC122 | Gotse Delchev District Court |
| RC123 | Petrich District Court |
| RC124 | Razlog District Court |
| RC125 | Sandanski District Court |
| DC130 | Vidin Provincial Court |
| RC131 | Belogradchik District Court |
| RC132 | Vidin District Court |
| RC133 | Kula District Court |

| | |
|-------|--------------------------------|
| DC140 | Vratsa Provincial Court |
| RC141 | Byala Slatina District Court |
| RC142 | Vratsa District Court |
| RC143 | Knezha District Court |
| RC144 | Kozloduy District Court |
| RC145 | Mezdra District Court |
| RC146 | Oryahovo District Court |
| DC150 | Kyustendil Provincial Court |
| RC151 | Dupnitsa District Court |
| RC152 | Kyustendil District Court |
| DC160 | Montana Provincial Court |
| RC161 | Berkovitsa District Court |
| RC162 | Lom District Court |
| RC163 | Montana District Court |
| DC170 | Pernik Provincial Court |
| RC171 | Breznik District Court |
| RC172 | Pernik District Court |
| RC173 | Radomir District Court |
| RC174 | Tran District Court |
| DC180 | Sofia Provincial Court |
| RC181 | Botevgrad District Court |
| RC182 | Elin Pelin District Court |
| RC183 | Etropole District Court |
| RC184 | Ihtiman District Court |
| RC185 | Kostinbrod District Court |
| RC186 | Pirdop District Court |
| RC187 | Samokov District Court |
| RC188 | Svoege District Court |
| RC189 | Slivnitsa District Court |
| AP200 | Burgas Court of Appeal |
| DC210 | Burgas Provincial Court |
| RC211 | Aytos District Court |
| RC212 | Burgas District Court |
| RC213 | Karnobat District Court |
| RC214 | Malko Tarnovo District Court |
| RC215 | Nesebar District Court |
| RC216 | Pomorie District Court |
| RC217 | Sredets District Court |
| RC218 | Tsarevo District Court |
| DC220 | Sliven Provincial Court |
| RC221 | Kotel District Court |
| RC222 | Nova Zagora District Court |
| RC223 | Sliven District Court |
| DC230 | Yambol Provincial Court |
| RC231 | Elhovo District Court |
| RC232 | Topolovgrad District Court |
| RC233 | Yambol District Court |
| AP300 | Varna Court of Appeal |
| DC310 | Varna Provincial Court |
| RC311 | Varna District Court |
| RC312 | Devnya District Court |
| RC313 | Provadiya District Court |
| DC320 | Dobrich Provincial Court |
| RC321 | Balchik District Court |
| RC322 | General Toshevo District Court |
| RC323 | Dobrich District Court |
| RC324 | Kavarna District Court |
| RC325 | Tervel District Court |
| DC330 | Razgrad Provincial Court |
| RC331 | Isperih District Court |

| | |
|-------|----------------------------------|
| RC332 | Kubrat District Court |
| RC333 | Razgrad District Court |
| DC340 | Silistra Provincial Court |
| RC341 | Dulovo District Court |
| RC342 | Silistra District Court |
| RC343 | Tutrakan District Court |
| DC350 | Targovishte Provincial Court |
| RC351 | Omurtag District Court |
| RC352 | Popovo District Court |
| RC353 | Targovishte District Court |
| DC360 | Shumen Provincial Court |
| RC361 | Veliki Preslav District Court |
| RC362 | Novi Pazar District Court |
| RC363 | Shumen District Court |
| AP400 | Veliko Tarnovo Court of Appeal |
| DC410 | Veliko Tarnovo Provincial Court |
| RC411 | Veliko Tarnovo District Court |
| RC412 | Gorna Oryahovitsa District Court |
| RC413 | Elena District Court |
| RC414 | Pavlikeni District Court |
| RC415 | Svishtov District Court |
| DC420 | Gabrovo Provincial Court |
| RC421 | Gabrovo District Court |
| RC422 | Dryanovo District Court |
| RC423 | Sevlievo District Court |
| RC424 | Tryavna District Court |
| DC430 | Lovech Provincial Court |
| RC431 | Lovech District Court |
| RC432 | Lukovit District Court |
| RC433 | Teteven District Court |
| RC434 | Troyan District Court |
| DC440 | Pleven Provincial Court |
| RC441 | Levski District Court |
| RC442 | Nikopol District Court |
| RC443 | Pleven District Court |
| RC444 | Cherven Bryag District Court |
| DC450 | Ruse Provincial Court |
| RC451 | Byala District Court |
| RC452 | Ruse District Court |
| AP500 | Plovdiv Court of Appeal |
| DC510 | Kardzhali Provincial Court |
| RC511 | Ardino District Court |
| RC513 | Krumovgrad District Court |
| RC514 | Kardzhali District Court |
| RC515 | Momchilgrad District Court |
| DC520 | Pazardzhik Provincial Court |
| RC521 | Velingrad District Court |
| RC522 | Pazardzhik District Court |
| RC523 | Panagyurishte District Court |
| RC524 | Peshtera District Court |
| DC530 | Plovdiv Provincial Court |
| RC531 | Asenovrag District Court |
| RC532 | Karlovo District Court |
| RC533 | Plovdiv District Court |
| RC534 | Parvomay District Court |
| DC540 | Smolyan Provincial Court |
| RC541 | Devin District Court |
| RC542 | Zlatograd District Court |
| RC543 | Madan District Court |
| RC544 | Smolyan District Court |

| | |
|-------|-------------------------------------|
| RC545 | Chepelare District Court |
| DC550 | Stara Zagora Provincial Court |
| RC551 | Kazanlak District Court |
| RC552 | Radnevo District Court |
| RC553 | Stara Zagora District Court |
| RC554 | Chirpan District Court |
| RC555 | Galabovo District Court |
| DC560 | Haskovo Provincial Court |
| RC561 | Dimitrovgrad District Court |
| RC562 | Svilengrad District Court |
| RC563 | Harmanli District Court |
| RC564 | Haskovo District Court |
| RC565 | Ivaylovgrad District Court |
| MA600 | Military Court of Appeal |
| MC610 | Sofia Military Court |
| MC620 | Plovdiv Military Court |
| MC630 | Varna Military Court (closed)* |
| MC640 | Pleven Military Court (closed)* |
| MC650 | Sliven Military Court |
| AD701 | Sofia City Administrative Court |
| AD702 | Sofia Province Administrative Court |
| AD703 | Blagoevgrad Administrative Court |
| AD704 | Burgas Administrative Court |
| AD705 | Varna Administrative Court |
| AD706 | Veliko Tarnovo Administrative Court |
| AD707 | Vidin Administrative Court |
| AD708 | Vratsa Administrative Court |
| AD709 | Gabrovo Administrative Court |
| AD710 | Dobrich Administrative Court |
| AD711 | Kyustendil Administrative Court |
| AD712 | Kardzhali Administrative Court |
| AD713 | Lovech Administrative Court |
| AD714 | Montana Administrative Court |
| AD715 | Pazardzhik Administrative Court |
| AD716 | Pernik Administrative Court |
| AD717 | Pleven Administrative Court |
| AD718 | Plovdiv Administrative Court |
| AD719 | Razgrad Administrative Court |
| AD720 | Ruse Administrative Court |
| AD721 | Silistra Administrative Court |
| AD722 | Sliven Administrative Court |
| AD723 | Smolyan Administrative Court |
| AD724 | Stara Zagora Administrative Court |
| AD725 | Targovishte Administrative Court |
| AD726 | Haskovo Administrative Court |
| AD727 | Shumen Administrative Court |
| AD728 | Yambol Administrative Court |

* The Varna and Pleven Military Courts were closed in early 2014. However, these court codes are used in the ECLI of the court decisions published so far.

Table 2 – Case type codes

| Code | Case type |
|------|-------------------------------|
| 01 | First-instance civil case |
| 02 | First-instance criminal case |
| 03 | Notarial case |
| 04 | Enforcement case |
| 05 | Second-instance civil case |
| 06 | Second-instance criminal case |
| 07 | Administrative case |
| 08 | Company case |
| 09 | Commercial case |

| | |
|----|---------------------------------|
| 10 | Second-instance commercial case |
| 11 | Second-instance company case |

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European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) - Czechia

National ECLI coordinator

Supreme Court (*Nejvyšší soud*)

Burešova 571/20, Brno - Veveří, postcode: 657 37

Czech Republic

Telephone: +420 541 593 111

Fax: +420 541 213 493

Data box ID: kccaa9t

Email: podatelna@nsoud.cz (please put 'ECLI' in the subject line)

web: <https://nsoud.cz/>

Contacts:

Petra Polišenská, Michal Ježek (from 1 August 2022)

Generation of national ECLI (ECLI syntax)

The ECLI identifier has been used in the Czech Republic since April 2012 to designate judgments of the Supreme Court (*Nejvyšší soud*) and since March 2014 to designate judgments of the Constitutional Court (*Ústavní soud*). The ECLI identifier is currently being implemented at high court and regional court levels. Judgments designated with the ECLI identifier are also searchable using the identifier on court websites (judgments of the Supreme Court at <https://nsoud.cz/> and judgments of the Constitutional Court at <http://nalus.usoud.cz/>).

Country code

[CZ]: country code for the Czech Republic.

Court codes

[NS]: *Nejvyšší soud* (Supreme Court of the Czech Republic).

[US]: *Ústavní soud* (Constitutional Court of the Czech Republic).

Example of ECLI identifier for Czech court decisions

ECLI:CZ:NS:2012:[case number].1

[CZ] country code (CZ for the Czech Republic);

[NS] is the code of the court that issued the judgment (NS for the Supreme Court - *Nejvyšší soud*);

[2012] indicates the year the judgment was rendered;

[case number] does not contain spaces or forward slashes; these are replaced by full stops;

The number [1] is the ordinal number of a decision with the same case number.. Inclusion of the ordinal number ensures that the same ECLI identifier is not used to designate more than one judgment from one court in the same year.

Related links

<https://nsoud.cz/>

<http://nalus.usoud.cz/>

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European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) - Denmark

National ECLI coordinator

The Court Administration (*Domstolsstyrelsen*)

St. Kongensgade 1-2

1264 København K.

Tel: 70 10 33 22

post@domstolsstyrelsen.dk

Country code

The ECLI country code for Denmark is: [DK]

Generation of national ECLI

Information will be provided at a later stage.

Last update: 24/10/2019

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European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) - Germany

National ECLI coordinator

The designated ECLI coordinator for Germany is:

The Federal Office of Justice (*Bundesamt für Justiz*)

Unit VII 1

Adenauerallee 99-103

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Germany

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Introduction and spread of the ECLI in Germany

In Germany, the Federal Constitutional Court (*Bundesverfassungsgericht*), the Federal Court of Justice (*Bundesgerichtshof*), the Federal Administrative Court (*Bundesverwaltungsgericht*), the Federal Fiscal Court (*Bundesfinanzhof*), the Federal Labour Court (*Bundesarbeitsgericht*), the Federal Social Court (*Bundessozialgericht*) and the courts of the *Länder* have introduced the ECLI into their databases of decisions. An ECLI is allocated to all decisions published on their respective websites since the ECLI was introduced. For details, see:

Federal Constitutional Court

<http://www.bundesverfassungsgericht.de> (there are plans to retroactively allocate ECLIs to all published decisions);

Federal Court of Justice

<http://www.bundesgerichtshof.de> (for decisions published on the website of the Federal Constitutional Court since 1 January 2016);

Federal Administrative Court

<http://www.bundesverwaltungsgericht.de> (for all decisions published on the website of the Federal Administrative Court);

Federal Fiscal Court

<http://www.bundesfinanzhof.de> (for decisions published on the website of the Federal Fiscal Court since 4 October 2016);

Federal Labour Court

<http://www.bundesarbeitsgericht.de> (for decisions dated after 1 January 2015);

Federal Social Court

<http://www.bundessozialgericht.de> (for decisions published on the website of the Federal Social Court since 1 January 2010);

courts of the *Länder*

<http://www.justiz.de/onlinedienste/rechtsprechung/index.php>.

You can also use the [EU ECLI search engine](#) to search for Federal Constitutional Court and Federal Administrative Court decisions to which an ECLI has been allocated.

Structure of ECLIs

General

ECLIs have five components. Each component is separated from the others by a colon. ECLIs allocated by Germany always start with ECLI () followed by DE for Germany (). The third component, known as the court code (), shows which court took the decision (e.g. BVerfG for the Federal Constitutional Court). The fourth component () indicates the year in which the decision was taken and consists of a four-digit sequence (in the format yyyy, e.g. 2016).

ECLI : DE : BVerfG : 2016 : b s 20160301 c . 2bvb000113

① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦ ⑧ ⑨

The courts generate the final component, known as the ordinal number (and upwards), according to their own individual rules. The court codes and ordinal numbers used by each court are explained separately below.

Details for individual courts

Federal Constitutional Court

The court code () is always BVerfG. The ordinal number consists of parts to . The second-last and last parts are separated by a point. The exact components of the ordinal number are explained in detail below.

Type of procedure:

| | |
|----|---|
| b | Finding that one or more parties have acted unconstitutionally |
| c | Appeal against a ruling in an electoral dispute |
| e | Dispute resolution proceedings between constitutional bodies |
| f | Abstract judicial review |
| g | Federal Government / <i>Länder</i> disputes |
| h | Other disputes between the Federal Government and the <i>Länder</i> |
| k | Disputes concerning the constitution of a <i>Land</i> |
| l | Substantive judicial review |
| m | Review of international law as Federal law |
| n | Interpretation of the Basic Law following referral by the constitutional court of a <i>Land</i> |
| p | Decisions on other matters referred to it by Federal Act |
| q | Interim measures |
| r | Constitutional complaints |
| up | Full-court decisions |
| vb | Complaints regarding judicial delay |

Abbreviations for court formations: k for decisions of a Chamber or s for decisions of a Senate (division) (not for full-court cases or complaints regarding delay; in these cases, the court formation is implicitly indicated by the abbreviations up and vb).

Exact date of decision in the format yyyymmdd.

Optional: an additional distinguishing character (assigned in alphabetical order from a to z). This is used when decisions are handed down by the same court with the same date and file reference (e.g. same date and file reference given for the extension of an interim order and the decision on the substance of the case). A distinguishing character is only added if it is necessary to prevent the allocation of ambiguous ECLIs.

Main file reference (consisting of the division identifier, the register reference, the entry number and the year of entry in the format yy). There are no spaces between the division identifier and the register reference, nor between the register reference and the entry number. The slash between the entry number and

the year of entry is also omitted from the ECLI. The entry number is always shown as a four-digit number in an ECLI. If necessary, leading zeros are inserted before the entry number. The last two digits therefore always represent the year of entry.

Example:

The ECLI for the decision of the Second Division of the Federal Constitutional Court of 1 March 2016 with file reference 2 BvB 1/13 is:

ECLI : DE : BVerfG : 2016 : b s 20160301 c . 2bvb000113

① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦ ⑧ ⑨

The additional character c indicates that this is the fourth decision with an otherwise identical ECLI.

Federal Court of Justice

The court code () is always BGH. The ordinal number consists of parts to . Parts and are separated by a point. The exact components of the ordinal number are explained in detail below.

Exact date of decision in the format ddmmyy.

Abbreviation for the type of decision (U for judgment (*Urteil*), B for ruling (*Beschluss*), V for order (*Verfügung*), S for other).

Main file reference (consisting of the division identifier, the register reference, the entry number and the year of entry in the format yy). There are no spaces between the division identifier and the register reference, nor between the register reference and the entry number. The slash between the entry number and the year of entry is replaced with a point.

An additional distinguishing character (assigned consecutively from 0 to 9) is always used when several decisions of the same type are handed down with the same date and file reference.

Example:

The ECLI for the ruling of the Second Criminal Division of the Federal Court of Justice of 15 March 2016 with file reference 2 StR 487/15 is:

ECLI : DE : BGH : 2016 : 150316 B 2STR487.15 . 2

① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦ ⑧

The additional character 2 indicates that this is the third decision with an otherwise identical ECLI.

Federal Administrative Court

The court code () is always BVerwG. The ordinal number consists of parts to . Parts and are separated by a point unless the file reference suffix D (judicial protection in the event of excessively long legal proceedings) has been assigned, in which case there is no point between the file reference () and the additional distinguishing character (). The exact components of the ordinal number are explained in detail below.

Exact date of decision in the format ddmmyy.

Abbreviation for the type of decision (U for judgment (*Urteil*), B for ruling (*Beschluss*), G for order (*Gerichtsbescheid*)).

Main file reference (consisting of the division identifier, the register reference, the entry number and the year of entry in the format yy). There are no spaces between the division identifier and the register reference, nor between the register reference and the entry number. Older file references have a slash between the entry number and the year of entry; in ECLIs, this slash is replaced with a point.

An additional distinguishing character (assigned consecutively from 0 to 9) is always used when several decisions of the same type are handed down with the same date and file reference.

Example:

The ECLI for the judgment of the Ninth Division of the Federal Administrative Court of 17 April 2002 with file reference 9 CN 1/01 is:

ECLI : DE : BVerwG : 2002 : 170402 U 9CN1.01 . 0

① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦ ⑧

Federal Fiscal Court

The court code () is always BFH. The ordinal number consists of parts to . Each part is separated from the others by a point. The exact components of the ordinal number are explained in detail below.

Abbreviation for the type of decision:

| | |
|----|---|
| VE | Request to the Court of Justice of the EU for a preliminary ruling |
| VV | Submission to the Federal Constitutional Court |
| BA | Ruling in proceedings for interim measures: application for suspension of enforcement [A1] and appeal against a decision to suspend enforcement [A2] |
| B | Ruling, except where BA is to be assigned |
| U | Judgment, legally binding court order, interlocutory order, etc. |

Exact date of decision in the format ddmmyy.

Main file reference (consisting of the division identifier, the register reference, the entry number and the year of entry in the format yy). There are no spaces between the division identifier and the register reference, nor between the register reference and the entry number. The slash between the entry number and the year of entry is replaced with a point.

An additional distinguishing character (assigned consecutively from 0 to 9) is always used when several decisions of the same type are handed down with the same date and file reference.

Example:

The ECLI for the judgment of the Tenth Division of the Federal Fiscal Court of 1 June 2016 with file reference X R 66/14 is:

ECLI : DE : BFH : 2016 : U . 010616 . XR66.14 . 0

① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦ ⑧

Federal Labour Court

The court code () is always BAG. The ordinal number consists of parts to . Each part is separated from the others by a point. The exact components of the ordinal number are explained in detail below.

Exact date of decision in the format ddmmy.

Abbreviation for the type of decision (U for judgment (*Urteil*), B for ruling (*Beschluss*)).

Main file reference (consisting of the division identifier, the register reference, the entry number and the year of entry in the format yy). There are no spaces between the division identifier and the register reference, nor between the register reference and the entry number. The slash between the entry number and the year of entry is replaced with a point.

An additional distinguishing character (assigned consecutively from 0 to 9) is always used when several decisions of the same type are handed down with the same date and file reference.

Example:

The ECLI for the judgment of the Tenth Division of the Federal Labour Court of 7 January 2015 with file reference 10 AZB 109/14 is:

ECLI : DE : BAG : 2015 : 070115 . B . 10AZB109.14 . 0

① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦ ⑧

Federal Social Court

The court code () is always BSG. The ordinal number consists of parts to . The parts are not separated in any way. The exact components of the ordinal number are explained in detail below.

Exact date of decision in the format ddmmy.

Abbreviation for the type of decision (U for judgment (*Urteil*), B for ruling (*Beschluss*)).

Main file reference (consisting of B for Federal Social Court, the division identifier, the field identifier, the number of the entry in the relevant field and the associated register, the year of entry in the format yy and the register reference). Non-alphanumeric components of the file reference are omitted.

An additional distinguishing character (assigned consecutively from 0 to 9) is always used when several decisions of the same type are handed down with the same date and file reference.

Example:

The ECLI for the judgment of the Third Division of the Federal Social Court of 25 January 2017 with file reference B 3 P 2/15 R is:

ECLI : DE : BSG : 2017 : 250117 U B3P215R 0

① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦ ⑧

Courts of the Länder

The admissible court codes () are listed in the [attached table](#)  (52 KB) [de](#). The ordinal number consists of parts to . Each part is separated from the others by a point. The exact components of the ordinal number are explained in detail below.

Exact date of decision in the format mmd.

File reference (or file references, if there are multiple file references) of up to 17 characters, beginning with the first character of the main file reference. If there is a point after the 17th character, this point is omitted. Umlauts are replaced (ä = AE, ö = OE, ü = UE) and non-alphanumeric characters such as spaces or slashes are omitted. If numbers or letters would be displayed next to each other, they are separated by a point (e.g. 9 C 1023/12 becomes 9C1023.12).

An additional two-digit distinguishing code (assigned consecutively from 00 to 99) is always used when several decisions of the same type are handed down with the same date and file reference.

Example:

The ECLI for the decision of the Sixth Grand Chamber for Economic Offences of Stuttgart Regional Court of 26 January 2015 with file reference 6 KLS 34 Js 2588/10 is:

ECLI : DE : LGSTUTT : 2015 : 0126 . 6KLS34JS2588.10 . 00

① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦

Last update: 08/12/2021

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European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) - Estonia

Since 2018 it has been possible to search Estonian case law that has been published and is in force by using ECLI, the European Case Law Identifier. It is easier and quicker to find Estonian case law using the identifier. The adoption of the ECLI also supports the implementation of open data policies. The ECLI has also been added to the metadata page for case law, which opens in the search results.

The ECLI has been added to all Supreme Court and county and district court case law since the second half of 2016.

Published case law has been given an ECLI since the second half of 2016, and the number is made up of five components separated by a colon (for example ECLI:EE:RK:2016:1.16.2798.84).

ECLI – European Case Law Identifier; EE – country identifier; RK – court identifier; 2016 – year of publication; 1.16.2798.84 – (e.g. 1-16-2798/84) in the number of the court case, the symbols '-' and '/' are replaced by dots and the sequential control number '84' is added at the end.

The ECLI number can also be used as a URL and searches can be performed using the following logic (where 'kohtulahendid' means 'case law'):

.../kohtulahendid/ecli/ECLI:EE – all case law with an ECLI

.../kohtulahendid/ecli/ECLI:EE:RK:2016 – all Supreme Court case law in 2016

.../kohtulahendid/ecli/ECLI:EE:RK:2016:1.16.2798.84 – a specific Supreme Court judgment

The court identifiers are as follows:

RK – Supreme Court

TLRK – Tallinn District Court

TRRK – Tartu District Court

TLHK – Tallinn Administrative Court

TRHK – Tartu Administrative Court

HMK – Harju County Court

PMK – Pärnu County Court

TMK – Tartu County Court

VMK – Viru County Court

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European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) - Ireland

National ECLI coordinator

The national ECLI coordinator is the Department of Justice.

Country code

The country code for Ireland is: [IE]

Generation of national ECLI

It is currently not possible to build an ECLI based on existing publicly available information. The exact form of the ECLI is still under consideration and has not been finalised.

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European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) - Greece


Greece currently participates in the ECLI system, with the  **Council of State** (Συμβούλιο της Επικρατείας).

There is no unified electronic database containing all domestic court rulings.

There are several electronic case law databases on the web, relating to:

the  **Hellenic Supreme Court** (Αρείος Πάγος), containing only its own case law

the  **Council of State**, containing administrative court rulings

the  **Piraeus Administrative Court of First Instance** (Πρωτοδικείο Πειραιός), containing only its own case law.

There are also private subscription databases.

For example:

that of the  **Athens Bar Association** (Δικηγορικός Σύλλογος Αθηνών)

that of the company  **Intracom Services** (private)

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European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) - Spain

National ECLI coordinator

The National ECLI coordinator is CENDOJ (*CENTRO DE DOCUMENTACION JUDICIAL*), the Centre for Judicial Documentation, a technical body in Spain's General Council of the Judiciary:  cendoj.ecli@cgpj.es.



Country code

The code for Spain is: [ES]

Creation of the national ECLI

The ECLI was introduced in Spain in November 2012.

This was possible because, since the start of the ECLI Project on 27 October 2011, case law in Spain already had a national identifier, called the ROJ (*Repositorio Oficial de Jurisprudencia*) - the Official Case Law Repository, which identifies the decisions handed down by all the Spanish courts, from the Courts of First Instance to the Supreme Court.

Through the website  <https://www.poderjudicial.es>, we offer all citizens open access to the decisions handed down by all the Spanish courts, consisting of a total of 5 600 000 judgments, a number which increases every year. Judges/Senior Judges, Prosecutors and Court Clerks have access in a restricted environment with additional information and hyperlinks to the case law of the Constitutional Court (*Tribunal Constitucional*), the European Court of Justice, as well as national and international legislation and doctrine:  <https://www.poderjudicial.es>.

We currently maintain the ROJ national identifier - the Cendoj ID - as the official body for the dissemination of Spanish case law, and the ECLI at European level. On the e-justice portal, we therefore have, as of 2014, 2 500 000 decisions of the Supreme Court (*Tribunal Supremo*), the National High Court (*Audiencia Nacional*), the High Courts of Justice (*Tribunales Superiores de Justicia*) and Provincial Courts (*Audiencias Provinciales*), as well as a selection of judgments from the Courts of First Instance (*Primera Instancia*) that are of legal interest or have social impact. The number of decisions increases every day

as they are uploaded into the system. The ECLI integration process was successfully completed in Spain, and we are currently a partner in the BO-ECLI project.

The ECLIs in Spain consist of the following fields:

'ECLI';

The country code: 'ES'

The court code: an acronym to indicate the court in which the judgment was given. – see the section 'ECLI court codes';

The year of the decision;

A serial number, which in the case of Spain is the sequential number of the ROJ national identifier. This means that once a judgment has been assigned its ROJ, it is possible to automatically assign to it its corresponding ECLI.

Furthermore, in the case of Orders (*Autos*), the letter 'A' is added to the end of the sequential number.

EXAMPLES:

Where the ROJ is: the national case-law identifier.

1) *Judgment of the National High Court of 30 May 2014. Criminal Court, with ROJ [SAN 2389/2014](#)

The corresponding ECLI will be:

ECLI:ES:AN:2014:2389

2) *Judgment of the High Court of Justice of 15 April 2011. Appeals Chamber of Burgos, Autonomous Community of Castile-Leon, with ROJ: STSJ CL 782 /2011

The corresponding ECLI will be:

ECLI:ES:TSJCL:2011:782

Order of the National High Court Chamber for Criminal Matters of 29 October 2015, with ROJ: ANN 199/2015

The corresponding ECLI will be:

ECLI:ES:AN:2015:199A

ECLI court codes:

In Spain, the court code for the ECLI is represented using the acronym of the court that issued the judgment and which corresponds with that used in the judgment's ROJ national identifier.

| ACRONYM | NAME |
|---------|--|
| ----- | ----- |
| TS | Supreme Court |
| AN | National High Court |
| TSJAND | High Court of Justice of Andalusia |
| TSJAR | High Court of Justice of Aragon |
| TSJAS | High Court of Justice of Asturias |
| TSJBAL | High Court of Justice of the Balearic Islands |
| TSJICAN | High Court of Justice of the Canary Islands |
| TSJCANT | High Court of Justice of Cantabria |
| TSJCL | High Court of Justice of Castile-Leon |
| TSJ CLM | High Court of Justice of Castile-La Mancha |
| TSJCAT | High Court of Justice of Catalonia |
| TSJCV | High Court of Justice of the Community of Valencia |
| TSJEXT | High Court of Justice of Extremadura |
| TSJGAL | High Court of Justice of Galicia |
| TSJLR | High Court of Justice of Rioja |
| TSJMAD | High Court of Justice of Madrid |
| TSJMU | High Court of Justice of Murcia |
| TSJNAV | High Court of Justice of Navarre |
| TSJPV | High Court of Justice of the Basque Country |
| TSJCE | High Court of Justice of Ceuta |
| TSJML | High Court of Justice of Melilla |
| APVI | Provincial Court of Alava |
| APAB | Provincial Court of Albacete |
| APA | Provincial Court of Alicante |
| APAL | Provincial Court of Almeria |
| APAV | Provincial Court of Avila |
| APBA | Provincial Court of Badajoz |
| APIB | Provincial Court of the Balearic Islands |
| APB | Provincial Court of Barcelona |
| APBU | Provincial Court of Burgos |
| APCC | Provincial Court of Caceres |
| APCA | Provincial Court of Cadiz |
| APCS | Provincial Court of Castellon |
| APCR | Provincial Court of Ciudad Real |
| APCO | Provincial Court of Cordoba |
| APC | Provincial Court of A Coruña |

| | |
|-------|---|
| APCU | Provincial Court of Cuenca |
| APGI | Provincial Court of Girona |
| APGR | Provincial Court of Granada |
| APGU | Provincial Court of Guadalajara |
| APSS | Provincial Court of Guipuzcoa |
| APH | Provincial Court of Huelva |
| APHU | Provincial Court of Huesca |
| APJ | Provincial Court of Jaen |
| APLE | Provincial Court of Leon |
| APL | Provincial Court of Lleida |
| APLO | Provincial Court of Rioja |
| APLU | Provincial Court of Lugo |
| APM | Provincial Court of Madrid |
| APMA | Provincial Court of Malaga |
| APMU | Provincial Court of Murcia |
| APNA | Provincial Court of Navarre |
| APOU | Provincial Court of Ourense |
| APO | Provincial Court of Asturias |
| APP | Provincial Court of Palencia |
| APGC | Provincial Court of Las Palmas |
| APPO | Provincial Court of Pontevedra |
| APSA | Provincial Court of Salamanca |
| APTF | Provincial Court of Santa Cruz de Tenerife |
| APS | Provincial Court of Cantabria |
| APSG | Provincial Court of Segovia |
| APSE | Provincial Court of Seville |
| APSO | Provincial Court of Soria |
| APT | Provincial Court of Tarragona |
| APTE | Provincial Court of Teruel |
| APTO | Provincial Court of Toledo |
| APV | Provincial Court of Valencia |
| APVA | Provincial Court of Valladolid |
| APBI | Provincial Court of Vizcaya |
| APZA | Provincial Court of Zamora |
| APZ | Provincial Court of Zaragoza |
| APCE | Provincial Court of Ceuta |
| APML | Provincial Court of Melilla |
| JP II | Court of First Instance and Local Criminal Court |
| JPI | Court of First Instance |
| JI | Local Criminal Court |
| JSO | Social Affairs Court |
| JCA | Administrative Appeals Court |
| JM | Commercial Court |
| JVM | Court for Violence against Women |
| JP | Criminal Court |
| JVP | Court with special duties in the matter of criminal sentences |
| JME | Juvenile Court |
| JF | Family Court |

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European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) - France

National ECLI Coordinator

The Office of Legal and Administrative Information (*Direction de l'information légale et administrative* ( DILA)) has been designated as the national ECLI coordinator for France by the General Secretariat of the Government.

Country code

The country code for France is: [FR]

Generation of national ECLI

The French supreme courts covered by the ECLI system are:
the Constitutional Council (*le Conseil constitutionnel*);

the Court of Cassation (*la Cour de cassation*);

the Council of State (*le Conseil d'Etat*).

ECLIs are made up of five components, the first two of which are constants for a Member State:

ECLI:FR:{Court_code}:{year when decision was rendered}:{ordinal number}

Each of the three courts has adopted a court code and rules for creating an ordinal number.

The year in which the decision was handed down is always made up of four numerical characters (in the format YYYY, for example 2012).

1. The Constitutional Council

The court code is always CC.

The generic form of an ECLI is therefore:

ECLI:FR:CC:{year of decision}:{ordinal number}

The ordinal number is in two parts, separated by a full stop:

the serial number within each type of decision (which starts again at 1 every year);

the type of decision (DC, QPC, AN... [see list of types](#)).

For example:

the ECLI for the decision of Friday 27 July 2012 No 2012-270 QPC would be ECLI:FR:CC:2012:2012.270.QPC.

2. The Court of Cassation

The court code is always CCASS.

The generic form of an ECLI is therefore:

ECLI:FR:CCASS:{year of decision}:{ordinal number}

The ordinal number is made up of two elements, written without a break:

The ECLI code for the division of the court (two alphanumerical characters as laid down in the table below):

| | |
|----|---|
| AP | <i>Assemblée plénière</i> (Full Court) |
| AV | <i>Avis</i> (Opinion) |
| C1 | <i>Première chambre civile</i> (First Civil Division) |
| C2 | <i>Deuxième chambre civile</i> (Second Civil Division) |
| C3 | <i>Troisième chambre civile</i> (Third Civil Division) |
| CO | <i>Chambre commerciale</i> (Commercial Division) |
| CR | <i>Chambre criminelle</i> (Criminal Division) |
| MI | <i>Chambre mixte</i> (Joint Bench) |
| OR | <i>Ordonnance du premier président</i> (Order of the President) |
| SO | <i>Chambre sociale</i> (Social Division) |

The code is based on the use of an internal administration number, which itself has eight characters:

a one-character code identifying the division of the court;

two digits for the year of the decision;

a five-digit serial number running within that year for the division of the court in question.

Example: the appeal number of the judgment of the Court of Cassation, Criminal Division, of 27 February 2013, is 12-81.063 and the administration number is C1300710. The first part of the ordinal number of this judgment will be CR, for the Criminal Division.

The last five digits of the administration number.

In our example, the second part of the ordinal number will be 00710. Altogether, the ECLI of the judgment handed down by the Criminal Division of the Court of Cassation on 27 February 2013, under the appeal number 12-81063, will be ECLI:FR:CCASS:2013:CR00710.

3. The Council of State

The Council of State uses a court code which identifies the type of division of the court: the root CE is followed without a break by a number of letters as shown below:

| | |
|--|-------|
| <i>Assemblée</i> (Assembly of Presiding Judges) | CEASS |
| <i>Ordonnance</i> (Order) | CEORD |
| <i>Section du contentieux</i> (Disputes Division) | CESEC |
| <i>Sous-section jugeant seule</i> (Subdivision ruling alone) | CESJS |
| <i>Sous-sections réunies</i> (Subdivisions sitting together) | CESSR |
| <i>Chambre jugeant seule</i> (Chamber ruling alone) | CECHS |
| <i>Chambres réunies</i> (Chambers sitting together) | CECHR |

The code CE is not used on its own.

The generic form is therefore:

ECLI:FR:CE...:{year of the decision}:{ordinal number}

The ordinal number is also made up of two parts, separated by a full stop:

the application number of the decision;

the date of the delivery of the decision, in the format YYYYMMDD.

For example:

the ECLI of Council of State decision No 355099 of 1 March 2013, delivered by the third and eighth subdivisions sitting together, would be: ECLI:FR:CESSR:2013:355099.20130301

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European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) - Croatia

On 18 January 2017 the Republic of Croatia started to apply the European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) to court decisions in the [ECLI database of case law](#) which is kept at the Supreme Court of the Republic of Croatia (*Vrhovni sud Republike Hrvatske*), and which could previously be consulted only on the Supreme Court's website. The fact that all publicly available court decisions are given an ECLI means that they are publicly available through the search engine of the European e-Justice Portal – ESE EEJP. This makes it easy for citizens and legal practitioners from other EU Member States to search the database for decisions of Croatian courts, and for Croatian citizens and legal practitioners to consult decisions of courts of other Member States.

Last update: 26/04/2021

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European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) - Italy

National ECLI Coordinator

The national ECLI coordinator has not yet been appointed. For the time being the Ministry of Justice's Directorate General for Automated Information Systems (DGSIA) is acting as coordinator.

Country code

The country code for Italy is: [IT].

Generation of national ECLI

As part of the current pilot phase activities, a proposal for the introduction of ECLI is being drawn up. More particularly, rules are being drawn up on the composition of the ordinal number for case-law documents, as stipulated in the ECLI standard, using a set of accessible metadata in order to guarantee that each identification number is unique.

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European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) - Cyprus

National ECLI coordinator

The national ECLI coordinator is the Department of Legal Publications - email: publicationsc@sc.judicial.gov.cy

Country code

The country code for Cyprus is: [CY]

Generation of national ECLI

The exact format of the ECLI is still under consideration and is yet to be decided.

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European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) - Latvia

National ECLI coordinator

The National ECLI coordinator is the [Courts Administration](#) (*Tiesu administrācija*).

Contact e-mail: pasts@ta.gov.lv

Country code

The country code of Latvia is: [LV]

Generation of national ECLI

In Latvia, ECLI was introduced in September 2017. ECLI is attributed to all court rulings registered in the Court Information System, except for rulings adopted in the form of resolutions and decisions by investigating judges. Publicly available rulings are published on the website <https://www.elieta.lv/web/>.

Structure of the elements in the Latvian ECLI code

ECLI:LV:AAAAAA:BBBB:CCDD.E12345678.90.FF, where

ECLI is an invariable designation of the European Case Law Identifier;

LV is an invariable country code: international code of the Republic of Latvia;

AAAAAA court code;

BBBB year of the ruling;

CCDD.E12345678.90 consecutive number of the ruling, where

CC two digits of the month the ruling was adopted;

DD two digits of the day the ruling was adopted;

E12345678 case number or, where there is no case number, the archive number or file number of the application;

90 sequential number of the ruling within the case or in the context of examining a claim, if there is no case number;

FF type of ruling (RS (assignments sitting), L (decision), S (judgment), BL (incidental ruling)).

For example: Ruling ECLI:LV:RAT:2016:1201.C28087609.1.S (where ECLI stands for the European Case Law Identifier, LV is the international code of the Republic of Latvia, RAT is the code of the regional court of Riga (*Rīgas apgabaltiesa*), 2016 is the year of the ruling, 1201 is the date of the ruling (1 December), C28087609 is the case number in accordance with the procedure set out in this chapter; 1 is the sequential number of the ruling, and S means the type of ruling is a judgment).

Court codes of Latvian courts

| Court code | Title |
|------------|---|
| AT | Supreme Court (<i>Augstākā Tiesa</i>) |
| KUAT | Kurzeme Regional Court (<i>Kurzemes apgabaltiesa</i>) |

| | |
|---------|---|
| LAAT | Latgale Regional Court (<i>Latgales apgabaltiesa</i>) |
| RAT | Rīga Regional Court (<i>Rīgas apgabaltiesa</i>) |
| VAT | Vidzeme Regional Court (<i>Vidzemes apgabaltiesa</i>) |
| ZAT | Zemgale Regional Court (<i>Zemgales apgabaltiesa</i>) |
| ADRJJTN | District Administrative Court (<i>Administratīvā rajona tiesa</i>), Jelgava Courthouse (<i>Jelgavas tiesu nams</i>) |
| ADRJLTN | District Administrative Court (<i>Administratīvā rajona tiesa</i>), Liepāja Courthouse (<i>Liepājas tiesu nams</i>) |
| ADRJRJT | District Administrative Court (<i>Administratīvā rajona tiesa</i>), Rēzekne Courthouse (<i>Rēzeknes tiesu nams</i>) |
| ADRJRIT | District Administrative Court (<i>Administratīvā rajona tiesa</i>), Rīga Courthouse (<i>Rīgas tiesu nams</i>) |
| ADRJVTN | District Administrative Court (<i>Administratīvā rajona tiesa</i>), Valmiera Courthouse (<i>Valmieras tiesu nams</i>) |
| AIRT | Aizkraukle District Court (<i>Aizkraukles rajona tiesa</i>) |
| ALRT | Alūksne District Court (<i>Alūksnes rajona tiesa</i>) |
| BSRT | Bauska District Court (<i>Bauskas rajona tiesa</i>) |
| CERT | Cēsis District Court (<i>Cēsu rajona tiesa</i>) |
| DAUT | Daugavpils City Court (<i>Daugavpils tiesa</i>) |
| DORT | Dobele District Court (<i>Dobeles rajona tiesa</i>) |
| GURT | Gulbene District Court (<i>Gulbenes rajona tiesa</i>) |
| JELT | Jelgava City Court (<i>Jelgavas tiesa</i>) |
| JERT | Jēkabpils District Court (<i>Jēkabpils rajona tiesa</i>) |
| KURT | Kuldīga District Court (<i>Kuldīgas rajona tiesa</i>) |
| LIET | Liepāja City Court (<i>Liepājas tiesa</i>) |
| LIRT | Limbaži District Court (<i>Limbažu rajona tiesa</i>) |
| MART | Madona District Court (<i>Madonas rajona tiesa</i>) |
| OGRT | Ogre District Court (<i>Ogres rajona tiesa</i>) |
| REZT | Rēzekne City Court (<i>Rēzeknes tiesa</i>) |
| RPT | Rīga City Court (<i>Rīgas pilsētas tiesa</i>) |
| RLPT | City of Riga Latgale District Court (<i>Rīgas pilsētas Latgales priekšpilsētas tiesa</i>) |
| RVPT | City of Riga Vidzeme District Court (<i>Rīgas pilsētas Vidzemes priekšpilsētas tiesa</i>) |
| RZRT | City of Riga Northern District Court (<i>Rīgas pilsētas Ziemeļu rajona tiesa</i>) |
| RIRT | Rīga District Court (<i>Rīgas rajona tiesa</i>) |
| SART | Saldus District Court (<i>Saldus rajona tiesa</i>) |
| SIRT | Sigulda City Court (<i>Siguldas tiesa</i>) |
| TART | Talsi District Court (<i>Talsu rajona tiesa</i>) |
| TURT | Tukums District Court (<i>Tukuma rajona tiesa</i>) |
| VART | Valka District Court (<i>Valkas rajona tiesa</i>) |
| VLRT | Valmiera District Court (<i>Valmieras rajona tiesa</i>) |
| VENT | Ventspils City Court (<i>Ventspils tiesa</i>) |
| ELT | Economic Court (<i>Ekonomisko Lietu Tiesas</i>) |

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European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) - Lithuania

National ECLI coordinator

The national ECLI coordinator is the National Courts Administration, L.Sapiegos gatvė 15, LT-10312 Vilnius, Lithuania. Phone: +370 5 266 29 81, e-mail: info@teismai.lt.

Country code

The country code for Lithuania is [LT].

Generation of national ECLI

The ECLI is not yet in use in Lithuania.

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European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) - Luxembourg

Luxembourg is currently looking into the possibility of implementing the European Case Law Identifier (ECLI).

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European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) - Hungary

In Hungary at present there are no plans for the introduction of ECLI.

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European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) - Malta

National ECLI coordinator

The national ECLI coordinator is Courts of Malta (courts.csa@courtservices.mt).

Country code

The country code for Malta is: [MT]

Generation of national ECLI

In Malta the ECLI number cannot be built from the case judgment details available to the public user. It is automatically generated at the time the judgment is entered in the court system.

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European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) - Netherlands

National ECLI coordinator

The national ECLI coordinator is the Council for the Judiciary (*Raad voor de rechtspraak*). You can contact the coordinator at the following email address: kennissystemen@rechtspraak.nl

Country code

The country code for the Netherlands is: [NL]

Generation of national ECLIs

The ECLI was introduced in the Netherlands on 28 June 2013. An ECLI can be allocated to:

all judicial decisions published on the website of the [Council for the Judiciary](#);

all disciplinary decisions published on the official website (on the [joint disciplinary website](#));

all judicial decisions not published on the websites under (a) and (b) but published in magazines or databases, and judicial decisions published commercially as 'open access'. Magazine editors or database managers who wish to register their decisions can do so via the above email address;

all judicial decisions kept in an internal database of the Council for the Judiciary.

Regardless of whether the decision itself is published on one of the two websites referred to above, all Dutch ECLIs, together with at least the name of the body that delivered the decision, the date of the decision and the case number, can be found on [rechtspraak.nl](#).

Where known, publication references are also given for any reports of the decision in journals or databases. [Dutch ECLIs](#) are made up of the following:

'ECLI';

country code 'NL';

court code (see under the heading '[ECLI court codes](#)' (*Gerechtscode*);

year of the decision;

a serial number. There are two possible formats.

Before 28 June 2013, virtually all decisions published in the Netherlands were given a country case number (*Landelijk Jurisprudentie Nummer*, LJN). This LJN always consisted of two letters and four figures, e.g.: 'AB1234'. For reasons of consistency, this LJN has been included as the fifth part of the ECLI code.

As of 28 June 2013, LJNs are no longer allocated. All decisions given an ECLI after that date have an ascending serial number consisting solely of figures.

This may also be the case for decisions issued before 28 June 2013.

The most important court codes

The Netherlands has a large number of law courts. The codes of the most important Dutch courts are listed in the table below.

| Highest Courts | |
|--|---|
| HR | <i>Hoge Raad</i> (Supreme Court) |
| PHR | <i>Parket bij de Hoge Raad</i> (Supreme Court Public Prosecutor's Office) (Advocate-General) |
| RVS | <i>Raad van State</i> (Council of State) |
| CRVB | <i>Centrale Raad van Beroep</i> (Court of last instance in social security matters) |
| CBB | <i>College van Beroep voor het bedrijfsleven</i> (Administrative court of last instance in matters of trade and industry) |
| Courts of Appeal (<i>Appelgerechten</i>) | |
| GHAMS | <i>Gerechtshof Amsterdam</i> |
| GHARL | <i>Gerechtshof Arnhem-Leeuwarden</i> |
| GHDHA | <i>Gerechtshof Den Haag</i> |
| GHSHE | <i>Gerechtshof 's-Hertogenbosch</i> |
| District courts (<i>Rechtbanken</i>) | |
| | |

| | |
|-------|---------------------------------------|
| RBAMS | <i>Rechtbank Amsterdam</i> |
| RBDHA | <i>Rechtbank Den Haag</i> |
| RBGEL | <i>Rechtbank Gelderland</i> |
| RBLIM | <i>Rechtbank Limburg</i> |
| RBMNE | <i>Rechtbank Midden-Nederland</i> |
| RBNHO | <i>Rechtbank Noord-Holland</i> |
| RBNNE | <i>Rechtbank Noord-Nederland</i> |
| RBOBR | <i>Rechtbank Oost-Brabant</i> |
| RBOVE | <i>Rechtbank Overijssel</i> |
| RBROT | <i>Rechtbank Rotterdam</i> |
| RBZWB | <i>Rechtbank Zeeland-West-Brabant</i> |

All court codes

A full list of Dutch court codes, in alphabetical order, is available [here](#). Bodies no longer in existence are indicated as 'abolished' (*opgeheven*).

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European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) - Austria

National ECLI coordinator

Federal Ministry of Digital and Economic Affairs [Bundesministerium für Digitalisierung und Wirtschaftsstandort]

Digitales und E-Government - Programm- und Projektmanagement (Abt. III/5) [e-Government - Programme and project management (Department I/5)]

Stubenring 1

A-1010 Vienna

Helmut Weichsel

Tel.: (+43 1) 53115/204211

Fax: (+43 1) 53109/204211

E-Mail: helmut.weichsel@bmdw.gv.at

Country code

ECLI country code for Austria: [AT]

Generation of national ECLI

An ECLI is assigned when decisions of the [following courts and authorities](#) are published on the internet.

Constitutional Court [*Verfassungsgerichtshof*]

Supreme Court [*Oberster Gerichtshof*] and other courts

Federal Administrative Court [*Bundesverwaltungsgericht*]

Federal Fiscal Court [*Bundesfinanzgericht*]

Regional Administrative Courts [*Landesverwaltungsgerichte*]

Data Protection Authority [*Datenschutzbehörde*]

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European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) - Poland

For the time being Poland does not have any plans concerning implementation of the European Case Law Identifier.

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European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) - Portugal

National ECLI Coordinator

Address: Rua Duque de Palmela No 23, 1250-097 Lisbon – Portugal

Telephone: +351 213 220 020

Fax: +351 213 474 09 918

Email: csm@csm.org.pt

Website: <https://www.csm.org.pt/>

Country code

The country code for Portugal is: [PT].

Generation of national ECLI

Portugal's introduction of the European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) was completed in November 2018, as part of a project co-financed by the European Union through the Justice Programme 2014-2020 of the Directorate-General for Justice and Consumers (DG JUST). This was a joint initiative of the Supreme Council of the Judiciary (*Conselho Superior da Magistratura*) and the Institute for Financial and Estate Management of Judicial Services (*Instituto de Gestão Financeira e Equipamentos da Justiça*).

The ECLI currently covers judgments of the higher courts:

The Supreme Court of Justice (*Supremo Tribunal de Justiça*)

The Coimbra Court of Appeal (*Tribunal da Relação de Coimbra*)

The Évora Court of Appeal (*Tribunal da Relação de Évora*)

The Guimarães Court of Appeal (*Tribunal da Relação de Guimarães*)

The Lisbon Court of Appeal (*Tribunal da Relação de Lisboa*)

The Porto Court of Appeal (*Tribunal da Relação do Porto*)

The website <https://jurisprudencia.csm.org.pt/> provides access to a new search engine for national case-law using the ECLI.

The ECLI in Portugal is made up the following components:

'ECLI';

The country code: 'PT';

The court code: 'STJ', 'TRL', 'TRP', 'TRC', 'TRE' or 'TRG' (the ECLI is currently available to identify judgments of the Supreme Court of Justice and the appeal courts of Lisbon, Porto, Coimbra, Évora and Guimarães);

The year of the judgment;

A serial number, which in Portugal's case, is based on the case number (plus occasionally two identifying characters used for the distribution of cases in the higher courts).

Each component is separated by a colon.

Example of a Portuguese ECLI:

The identifier **ECLI:PT:TRC:2017:198.15.3GCACB.C1**, corresponds to a judgment handed down in Portugal (PT), by the Coimbra Court of Appeal (TRC), in 2017, in case No 198/15.3GCACB.

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European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) - Romania

National ECLI coordinator

The Ministry of Justice is the national ECLI coordinator – dti@just.ro

Country Code

The Country Code for Romania is [RO]

Generation of national ECLI

ECLI was introduced in Romanian courts at the end of 2015.

The ECLI is automatically assigned, using the electronic case management system (ECRIS), to judgments handed down since 2007 by the courts (High Court of Cassation and Justice, appeal courts, tribunals and district courts). For judgments handed down after 15 December 2015, ECLI also appears in paper format.

At the moment there is no online database of national case law base connected to the ECLI search engine within the e-Justice Portal. However, there is a database in which all judgments handed down by Romanian courts in 2010 are taken from the ECRIS system and published in anonymised form - [ROLII](#), currently under development.

In Romania the ECLI code consists of:

'ECLI';

country code 'RO';

court code - a list of court codes can be found [here](#)  (256 Kb) [ro](#);

the year of the judgment;

an ordinal number, consisting of the internal number of the corresponding electronic register in the ECRIS system (unique to the court) and the judgment number as granted in the court decision register (unique to the register).

Example:

The ECLI code assigned to a judgment delivered by District Court of Bucharest 4 could look like this: ECLI:RO:JDS4B:2017:001.004053, where 'JDS4B' is the court code, '2017' – the year of the judgment, '001' – the internal number of the corresponding electronic register in the ECRIS system and '004053' is the judgment number.

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European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) - Slovenia

National ECLI coordinator

The national ECLI coordinator for Slovenia is:

Supreme Court of the Republic of Slovenia

Registry Department,

Tavčarjeva 9,

SI-1000 Ljubljana

Slovenia

Contact email: ecli.vsr@sodisce.si

Contact person: Gregor Strojín

Country code

The country code for Slovenia is: [SI]

Generation of national ECLI

On 1 October 2011, Slovenia introduced an ECLI as an integral part of all existing documents published in the [case law databases of its courts](#). All new documents which are entered into case-law databases also receive an ECLI. An ECLI will also be included in all new judicial decisions in the near future. All ECLIs are created automatically on the basis of the existing data.

All known private publishers of case law documents have been informed about the ECLI, and most of them have already assigned an ECLI to published documents.

Court codes:

VSRS: Supreme Court of the Republic of Slovenia (Vrhovno sodišče Republike Slovenije)
USRS: Constitutional Court of the Republic of Slovenia (Ustavno sodišče Republike Slovenije)
VSCE: Higher Court in Celje (Višje sodišče v Celju)
VSKP: Higher Court in Koper (Višje sodišče v Kopru)
VSLJ: Higher Court in Ljubljana (Višje sodišče v Ljubljani)
VSMB: Higher Court in Maribor (Višje sodišče v Mariboru)
UPRS: Administrative Court of the Republic of Slovenia (Upravno sodišče Republike Slovenije)
VDSS: Higher Labour and Social Court (Višje delovno in socialno sodišče)

Note: Court codes consist of four letters. The list of participating courts currently only applies to appellate courts, the Supreme Court and the Constitutional Court of the Republic of Slovenia, whose decisions are already published in national case law databases. Other courts and institutions will be added in the near future.

Year of decision:

The year in which the decision was issued is used (YYYY entry).

Reference number:

The regular ordinal number (hereinafter: RON), e.g. II Ips 123/2005) of a particular court (datafield: Odločba (=decision)) is used as the basis for the formation of the ECLI ordinal number (hereinafter: EON).

Other words (e.g. Sodba, Sklep, etc.) which may be part of the field Odločba are not considered part of RON and are to be omitted/deleted in the formation of EON.

The year, which is a part of RON, remains part of the new EON.

As regular ordinal numbers include signs such as dashes, slashes or empty spaces, each one of these is to be replaced by a period sign within the ECLI format (e.g. II Ips 123/2005 becomes II.Ips.123.2005; I K 123456/2010 becomes I.K.123456.2010, etc.).

The general rules for EON are subject to the exceptions defined in special cases below.

Special cases:

A: Where one joint decision lists two or more RONs, only the first RON is used for the formation of the ECLI. '.A' is to be added at the end of EON in such cases. Other RONs can be accessed through document metadata.

Example:

Sodba II Ips 49/2008 and II Ips 28/2011

then the ECLI is:

ECLI:SI:VSRS:2008:II.IPS.49.2008.A

B: Where a decision uses only one RON which is similar to a number of other decisions with different RONs, the others have not been added to the case law databases. The first RON is used for the creation of the ECLI, and the others are mentioned as 'same as' in the metadata. The remaining RONs are used to create ECLIs which are listed in the database as relating to similar decisions.

Example:

Sodba VIII Ips 432/2009, same as VIII Ips 50/2009 and VIII Ips 448/2009, VIII Ips 28/2009

then ECLI is:

ECLI:SI:VSRS:2009:VIII.IPS.432.2009,

same as:

ECLI:SI:VSRS:2009:VIII.IPS.50.2009

ECLI:SI:VSRS:2009:VIII.IPS.448.2009

ECLI:SI:VSRS:2009:VIII.IPS.28.2009

Users searching for any of these ECLIs will be directed to the same document.

C: In the past there were instances where RON of the same court could be duplicated, because the institution operated at different branches and did not have a centralized case management system (e.g. UPRS). The exact branch is identified in the metadata of a document. In such cases a '.letter' combination representing the branch is to be added at the end of EON, based on the following classification:

Celje: **.C**

Ljubljana: **.L**

Nova Gorica: **.G**

Maribor: **.M**

D: Some penal (criminal law) documents in the SOVS database of the Supreme Court use two RONs in the field 'Odločba'. The first uses the ordinal number (in the form -NN), while the other is included in brackets (). The reason for this is a double registration of cases during a transition phase for the introduction of a computerised criminal case management system.

In these cases only the first RON is used for the creation of the ECLI, to which the ordinal number of the case is added after the year. The other RON mentioned in brackets is discarded and does not form part of the ECLI.

Example:

Sodba I Ips 3248/2009-39 (I Ips 10/2010)

then the ECLI is:

ECLI:SI:VSRS:2009:I.IPS.3248.2009.39

E: In some cases several documents of the same court use the same RON, for example interim measures and final decisions. In these cases, a number is added for the purpose of EON creation. The first decision (according to date of issue) does not have a numerical addendum. The next one receives addendum '.1', the subsequent one '.2', etc. Addenda are assigned automatically based on the date when the document was issued.

Example:

Sklep G 6/2011 (note: duplicated in a number of documents)

then the ECLIs are:

ECLI:SI:VSRS:2011:G.6.2011

ECLI:SI:VSRS:2011:G.6.2011.1

ECLI:SI:VSRS:2011:G.6.2011.2

etc.

Related links

 [Supreme Court of the Republic of Slovenia \(Vrhovno sodišče RS\)](#)

 [Constitutional Court of the Republic of Slovenia \(Ustavno sodišče RS\)](#)

 [Case law \(Sodna praksa\)](#)

 [Case law \(permission from the Supreme Court is required to use the application programming interface \(API\)\)](#)


 [Case law of the Constitutional Court \(Sodna praksa Ustavnega sodišča RS\)](#)

Last update: 01/12/2020

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European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) - Slovakia

National ECLI coordinator

The national ECLI coordinator is the Informatics and Project Management Section of the Ministry of Justice of the Slovak Republic – e-mail:  ecli@justice.sk

Country code

The country code for the Slovak Republic is: [SK]

Generation of national ECLI code

An ECLI code is generated when a judgment is delivered. Only judgments delivered after 25 July 2011 are given an ECLI number. If a judgment delivered before 25 July 2011 is appealed after 25 July 2011, this and all other judgments in that file are also given an ECLI code.

Example of an ECLI code for the Slovak Republic:

ECLI:SK:OSBA1:2011:0123456789.123

OSBA1 = abbreviation for the court

2011 = year

0123456789 = IČS (file identification number)

123 = serial number of judgment in the file


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European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) - Finland

Finland will use the European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) in all case law databases in Finlex, the national legal databank.

National ECLI coordinator

The national ECLI coordinator is Aki Hietanen at the Finnish Ministry of Justice. E-mail address:  finlex@om.fi.

Country code

The country code for Finland is [FI].

Generation of the national ECLI

Finland will use the European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) in all case law databases in Finlex, the national legal databank. Use of the identifier was initially tested on the case law databases of the Finnish Supreme Court (*korkein oikeus*) and the Supreme Administrative Court (*korkein hallinto-oikeus*). The identifier will also be used in the databases of the Courts of Appeal (*hovioikeudet*), the administrative courts (*hallinto-oikeudet*) and the special courts (*erityistuomioistuimet*). In 2017, metadata in the judgments will be enriched with ECLI metadata. Metadata from the Dublin Core Metadata Initiative are already being used in Finlex's case law databases.

The ECLI is also used in Finlex's case law literature database, which contains references to court decisions from Finnish legal literature since 1926. Case law consists of judgments of, among others, the Finnish Supreme Court, the Supreme Administrative Court, the Courts of Appeal, the European Court of Human Rights and the Court of Justice of the European Union.

Generation of the national ECLI

Supreme Court: ECLI:FI:KKO:2017:21

Supreme Administrative Court: ECLI:FI:KKO:2017:63

- for case summaries: ECLI:FI:KHO:2010:T3764

Courts of Appeal:

Helsinki Court of Appeal (*Helsingin hovioikeus*) – ECLI:FI:HELHO:2011:5

Eastern Finland Court of Appeal (*Itä-Suomen hovioikeus*) – ECLI:FI:ISHO:2011:4

Kouvola Court of Appeal (*Kouvolan hovioikeus*) – ECLI:FI:KOUHO:2009:3

Rovaniemi Court of Appeal (*Rovaniemen hovioikeus*) – ECLI:FI:RHO:2010:8

Turku Court of Appeal (*Turun hovioikeus*) – ECLI:FI:THO:2011:2

Vaasa Court of Appeal (*Vaasan hovioikeus*) – ECLI:FI:VHO:2011:7

Administrative courts:

Helsinki Administrative Court (*Helsingin hallinto-oikeus*) – ECLI:FI:HELHAO:2011:11.0378.255

Hämeenlinna Administrative Court (*Hämeenlinnan hallinto-oikeus*) – ECLI:FI:HAMHAO:2011:11.0378.255

Kouvola Administrative Court (*Kouvolan hallinto-oikeus*) – ECLI:FI:KOUHAO:2011:11.0379.25

Kuopio Administrative Court (*Kuopion hallinto-oikeus*) – ECLI:FI:KUOHAO:2011:11.0377.25

Oulu Administrative Court (*Oulun hallinto-oikeus*) – ECLI:FI:OULHAO:2011:11.0375.25

Rovaniemi Administrative Court (*Rovaniemen hallinto-oikeus*) – ECLI:FI:ROVHAO:2011:11.0373.25
Turku Administrative Court (*Turun hallinto-oikeus*) – ECLI:FI:TURHAO:2011:11.0293.15
Vaasa Administrative Court (*Vaasan hallinto-oikeus*) – ECLI:FI:VAHAO:2011:11.0371.25
Åland Islands Administrative Court (*Ahvenanmaan hallinto-oikeus*) – ECLI:FI:AALHAO:2011:11.0372.25
Insurance Court (*Vakuutus-oikeus*) – ECLI:FI:VAKO:2016:3003
Labour Court (*Työtuomioistuin*) – ECLI:FI:TT:2016:128
Market Court (*Markkina-oikeus*) – ECLI:FI:MAO:2010:595

Related links

 [Finlex – the national regulatory databank](#)

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European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) - Sweden

Sweden is not yet in a position to implement ECLI.

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European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) - England and Wales

While no final decision on whether to implement the European Case Law Identifier has yet been made, the United Kingdom is considering options.

Last update: 30/01/2017

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European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) - Northern Ireland

While no final decision on whether to implement the European Case Law Identifier has yet been made, the United Kingdom is considering options.

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European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) - Scotland

While no final decision on whether to implement the European Case Law Identifier has yet been made, the United Kingdom is considering options.

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