



sv

Hem>Dina rättigheter>Brottsoffer>**Rättigheter för brottsoffer per land** Victims' rights - by country

Slovakien

You are considered a **victim of crime** if you have suffered damage as a result of a criminal offence, for example if you have been physically injured or if any damage has been caused to your (tangible or intangible) property as a result of an event that constitutes a criminal offence under national law. The law grants you, as a victim of crime, certain individual rights before, during and after court proceedings.

Victims of crime have privileges throughout the criminal proceedings and you can exercise them at any time during the proceedings.

In Slovakia, criminal proceedings start with a criminal investigation conducted by the police, in which evidence concerning the criminal act and the offender accused of the act is collected. If the evidence is sufficient, the proceedings move to a trial. The trial ends either with the court's verdict on the defendant's guilt or with acquittal, and it may also include a decision on your claim for compensation for the damage you have suffered. You can appeal against the court's decision to a higher court.

Click on the links below to find the information that you need

- 1 My rights as a victim of crime
- 2 Reporting a crime and my rights during the investigation or trial
- 3 My rights after trial
- 4 Compensation
- 5 My rights to support and assistance

Last update: 11/05/2023

The national language version of this page is maintained by the respective Member State. The translations have been done by the European Commission service. Possible changes introduced in the original by the competent national authority may not be yet reflected in the translations. The European Commission accepts no responsibility or liability whatsoever with regard to any information or data contained or referred to in this document. Please refer to the legal notice to see copyright rules for the Member State responsible for this page.